

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: ssspta1611sxp

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available  
NEWS 4 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter (PHARMAML) - new on STN  
NEWS 5 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)  
now available on STN  
NEWS 6 Aug 26 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 7 Sep 03 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 8 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file  
NEWS 9 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA  
NEWS 10 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985  
NEWS 11 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields  
NEWS 12 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN  
NEWS 13 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT  
NEWS 14 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY  
NEWS 15 Dec 04 CSA files on STN  
NEWS 16 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date  
NEWS 17 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content  
NEWS 18 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN  
NEWS 19 Jan 29 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,  
ENERGY, INSPEC  
NEWS 20 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated  
NEWS 21 Feb 24 METADEX enhancements  
NEWS 22 Feb 24 PCTGEN now available on STN  
NEWS 23 Feb 24 TEMA now available on STN  
NEWS 24 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 25 ~~Feb 26~~ PCTFULL now contains images  
NEWS 26 ~~Mar 04~~ SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results  
NEWS 27 Mar 20 EVENTLINE will be removed from STN  
NEWS 28 Mar 24 PATDPAFULL now available on STN  
NEWS 29 Mar 24 Additional information for trade-named substances without  
structures available in REGISTRY  
NEWS 30 Apr 11 Display formats in DGENE enhanced  
NEWS 31 Apr 14 MEDLINE Reload  
NEWS 32 Apr 17 Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 33 Apr 21 Indexing from 1947 to 1956 being added to records in CA/CAPLUS  
NEWS 34 Apr 21 New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in  
WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX  
NEWS 35 Apr 28 RDISCLOSURE now available on STN  
NEWS 36 May 05 Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names  
added to PHAR  
NEWS 37 May 15 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded  
NEWS 38 May 15 Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated  
NEWS 39 May 16 CHEMREACT will be removed from STN  
NEWS 40 May 19 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA

NEWS 41 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 42 Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB  
NEWS 43 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data  
  
NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT  
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003  
  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS INTER General Internet Information  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN  
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:03:41 ON 13 JUN 2003

=> file reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS . SINCE FILE . TOTAL  
FULL ESTIMATED COST . ENTRY SESSION  
0.21 0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:57 ON 13 JUN 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

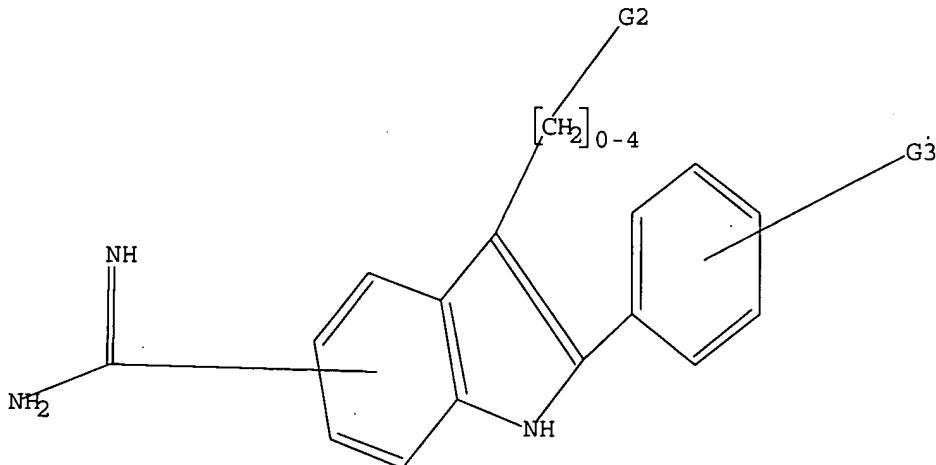
=>  
Uploading 09868276.3

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=&gt; d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1

G2 C, H, Cb, Ak, Cy

G3 X, CH2, OH, PhO, COOH, NH, NH2, P

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=&gt; s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:05:07 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 61 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 61 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

6 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 752 TO 1688  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 6 TO 266

L2 6 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 sss full  
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:05:15 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1062 TO ITERATE100.0% PROCESSED 1062 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

119 ANSWERS

L3 119 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARSSINCE FILE  
ENTRY TOTAL  
SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

148.55

148.76

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:05:23 ON 13 JUN 2003  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 13 Jun 2003 VOL 138 ISS 25  
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Jun 2003 (20030612/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13  
 L4 19 L3

=> d 14 fbib hitstr abs total

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2003:58259 CAPLUS  
 DN 138:117652  
 TI 2-[5-(5-carbamimidoyl-1H-heteroaryl)-6-hydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid derivatives as factor VIIa inhibitors  
 IN Hu, Huiyong; Kolesnikov, Aleksandr; Sperandio, David; Young, Wendy Beth; Shrader, William Dvorak  
 PA Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
 LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003006670	A2	20030123	WO 2002-US21340	20020703
	WO 2003006670	A3	20030522		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

US 2001-303953PP 20010709  
 US 2002-351054PP 20020122

## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 2003:57897

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003006011	A1	20030123	WO 2002-US21334	20020703
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
				US 2001-303953PP	20010709
				US 2002-351054PP	20020122

OS MARPAT 138:117652

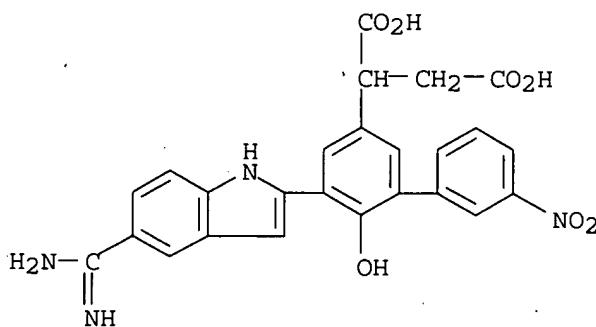
IT 488713-56-0P 488713-61-7P 488791-84-0P  
 488792-03-6P 488792-04-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of succinic acid derivs. as anticoagulants)

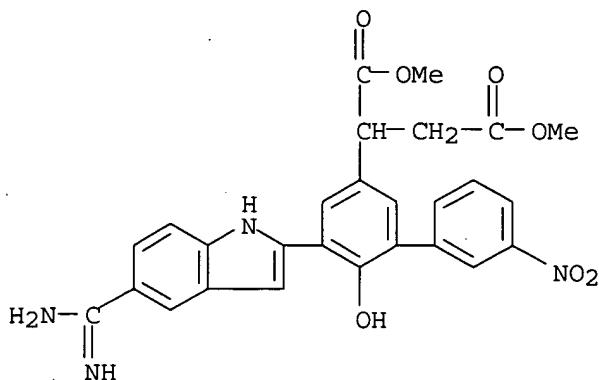
RN 488713-56-0 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



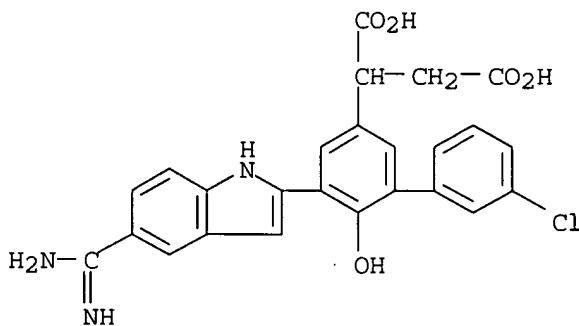
RN 488713-61-7 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] -, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



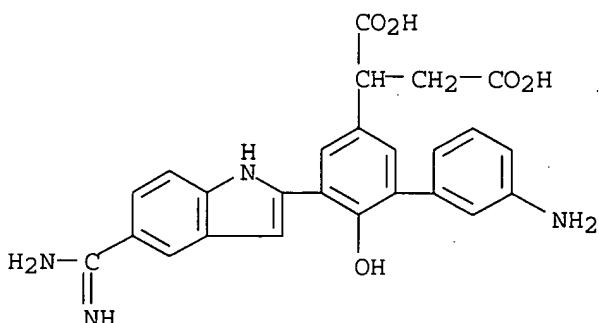
RN 488791-84-0 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-3'-chloro-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



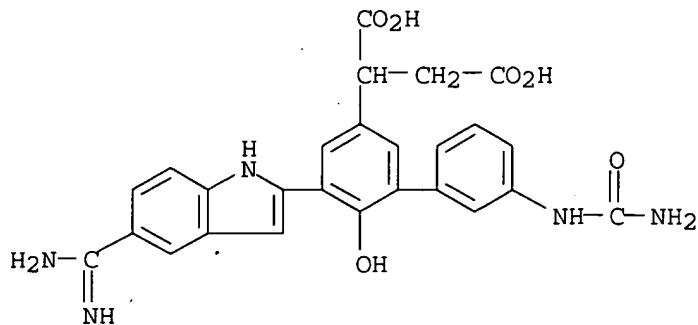
RN 488792-03-6 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [3'-amino-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 488792-04-7 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [3'-[(aminocarbonyl)amino]-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The present invention relates to derivs. of 2-[5-(5-carbamimidoyl-1H-heteroaryl)-6-hydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid as inhibitors of Factors VIIa, IXa, Xa, XIa, in particular Factor VIIa, pharmaceutical compns. comprising these inhibitors, and methods for using these inhibitors for treating or preventing thromboembolic disorders. For example, 2-[5-(5-carbamimidoyl-1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro-biphenyl-3-yl]-succinic acid was prep'd. by réaction of 2-(5-formyl-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro-biphenyl-3-yl)-succinic acid (0.3 g) and 3,4-diaminobenzamidine monohydrochloride (0.17 g) in a yield of 63%.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2003:57897 CAPLUS

DN 138:122645

TI Preparation of 2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-heteroaryl)-6-hydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]-succinic acid derivatives as factor VIIa inhibitors

IN Hu, Huiyong; Kolesnikov, Aleksandr; Rai, Roopa; Shrader, William Dvorak; Young, Wendy Beth; Sperandio, David; Hendrix, John; Torkelson, Steve

PA Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003006011	A1	20030123	WO 2002-US21334	20020703
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			US 2001-303953PP	20010709
				US 2002-351054PP	20020122

PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 2003:58259

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003006670	A2	20030123	WO 2002-US21340	20020703
	WO 2003006670	A3	20030522		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2001-303953PP 20010709  
 US 2002-351054PP 20020122

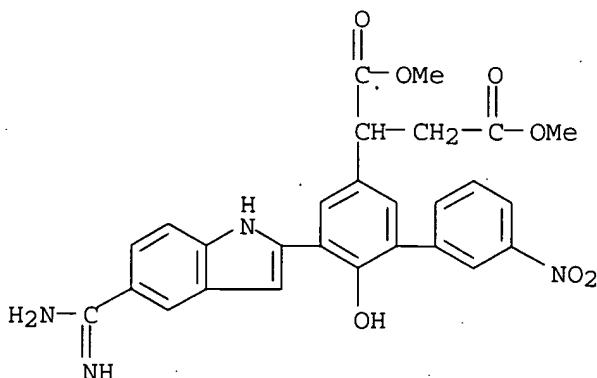
OS MARPAT 138:122645

IT **488713-61-7P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (intermediate; prepn. of [(carbamimidoyl-1H-heteroaryl)hydroxybiphenyl]succinic acid derivs. as factor VIIa inhibitors for treating thromboembolic disorders)

RN 488713-61-7 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

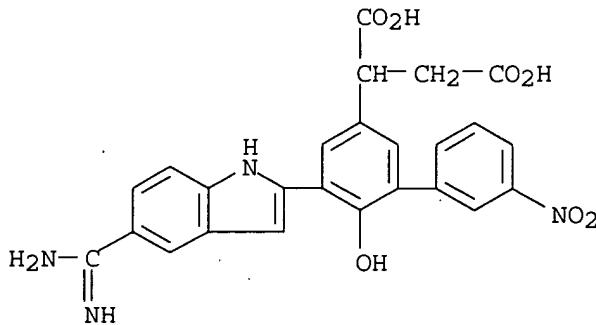


IT **488713-56-0P**, 2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]succinic acid **488713-62-8P**, 2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-6,2'-dihydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid **488713-63-9P**, 2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl)-6,2'-dihydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid **488713-64-0P**, (E)-2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-5'-fluoro-6,2'-dihydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]but-2-enedioic acid **488713-65-1P**, (Z)-2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-5'-fluoro-6,2'-dihydroxybiphenyl-3-yl]but-2-enedioic acid **488713-77-5P**, 2-[5-(5-Carbamimidoyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2',6-dihydroxy-5'-aminocarbonylbiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of [(carbamimidoyl-1H-heteroaryl)hydroxybiphenyl]succinic acid derivs. as factor VIIa inhibitors for treating thromboembolic disorders)

RN 488713-56-0 CAPLUS

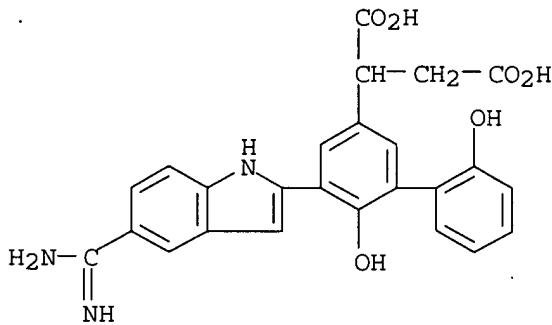
CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-

nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



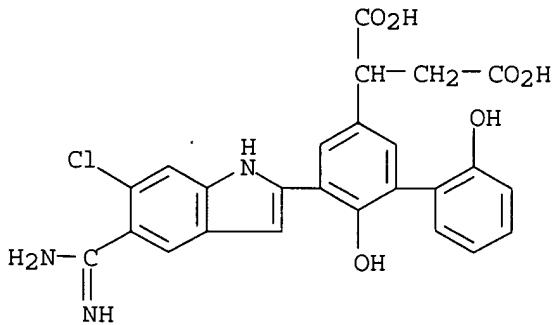
RN 488713-62-8 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-2',6-dihydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 488713-63-9 CAPLUS

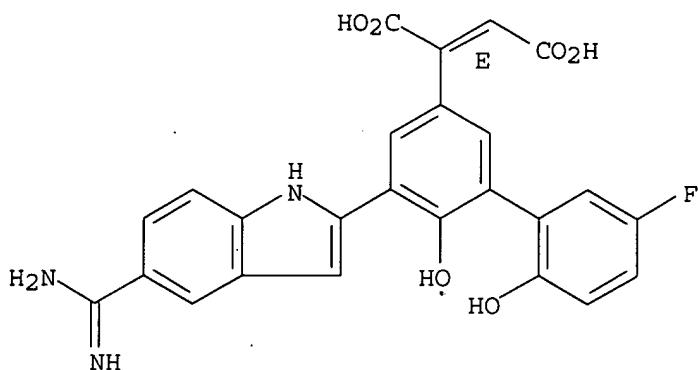
CN Butanedioic acid, [5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-2',6-dihydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 488713-64-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid, 2-[5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5'-fluoro-2',6-dihydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] -, (2E) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

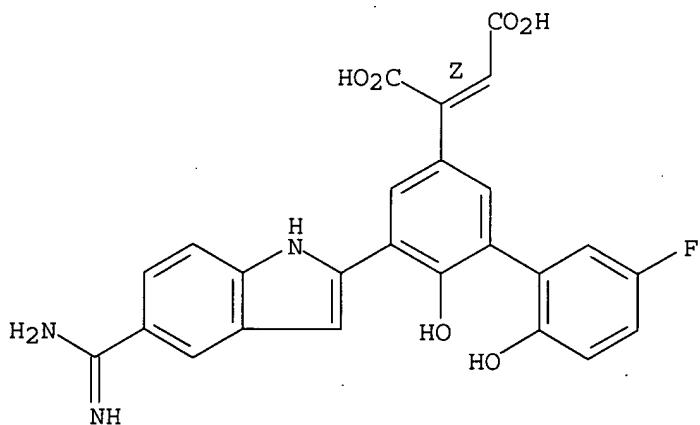
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 488713-65-1 CAPLUS

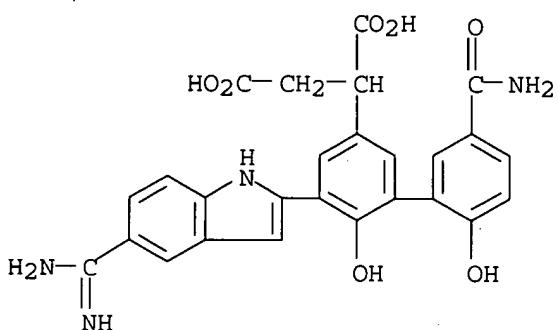
CN 2-Butenedioic acid, 2-[5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5'-fluoro-2',6-dihydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]-, (2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

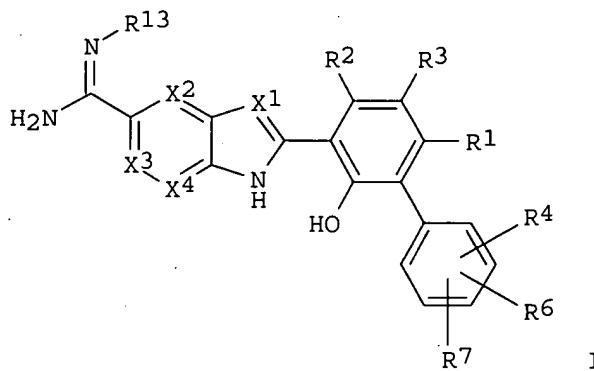


RN 488713-77-5 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, [5'-(aminocarbonyl)-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-2',6-dihydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

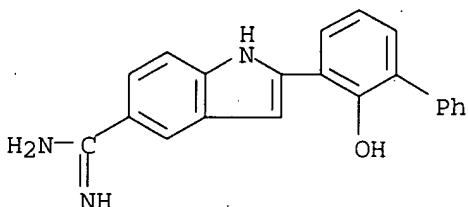


AB The present invention relates to [I; X1-X4 = N, CR5 (wherein R5 = H, alkyl); provided that not more than three of X1-X4 are N; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, halo; R3 = CO2R9, -(alkylene)-CO2R9, CR8(CO2R11)alkylene-CO2R9, -C(R8)[(alkylene)nCO2R9]CH(R10)CO2R11 (wherein R8 = H, alkyl, HO; R10 = H, alkyl; R8 and R10 together forms a covalent bond; R9, R11 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl); R4 = H, alkyl, alkylthio, halo, HO, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl, NO2; R6 = H, alkyl, halo; R7 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkylthio, halo, HO, NO2, cyano, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, CO2H, alkoxy carbonyl, acylamino, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, etc.; R13 = H, HO, C1-10 alkoxy, COR35 (wherein R35 = alkyl, aryl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkoxy carbonyl, hydroxyalkoxy carbonyl, acyloxycarbonyl, haloalkoxy carbonyl) and individual isomers, mixts. of isomers, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof which are novel inhibitors of factors VIIa, IXa, Xa, XIa, in particular factor VIIa (no data). Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. contg. the compds. I for treating or preventing a disease mediated by factor VIIa, in particular thromboembolic disorders. Also claimed is a method for inhibiting coagulation of a biol. sample. Thus, A mixt. of 0.3 g 2-(5-formyl-6-hydroxy-3'-nitrobiphenyl-3-yl)succinic acid, 0.17 g, 3,4-diaminobenzamidine monohydrochloride, and 0.097 g benzoquinone in 50 mL ethanol was heated for approx. 4 h to give, after purifn. by reverse phase HPLC (gradient, acetonitrile/0.02 N aq. HCl) to give 63% 2-[5-(5-carbamimidoyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-6-hydroxy-3'-nitrobiphenyl-3-yl]succinic acid.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2002:680206 CAPLUS  
 DN 137:365440  
 TI Contribution of Multicentered Short Hydrogen Bond Arrays to Potency of Active Site-Directed Serine Protease Inhibitors  
 AU Katz, Bradley A.; Spencer, Jeffrey R.; Elrod, Kyle; Luong, Christine; Mackman, Richard L.; Rice, Mark; Sprengeler, Paul A.; Allen, Darin; Janc, James  
 CS Celera, South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
 SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2002), 124(39), 11657-11668  
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
 PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT **277312-42-2D**, CRA 8696, complexes with enzymes  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
 (Biological study)  
 (multicentered short hydrogen bond arrays may contribute to potency of  
 active site-directed serine protease inhibitors)  
 RN 277312-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



AB We describe and compare the pH dependencies of the potencies and of the bound structures of two inhibitor isosteres that form multicentered short hydrogen bond arrays at the active sites of trypsin, thrombin, and urokinase type plasminogen activator (urokinase or uPA) over certain ranges of pH. Depending on the pH, short hydrogen bond arrays at the active site are mediated by two waters, one in the oxyanion hole (H2Ooxy) and one on the other (S2) side of the inhibitor (H2OS2), by one water (H2Ooxy), or by no water. The dramatic variation in the length of the active site hydrogen bonds as a function of pH, of inhibitor, and of enzyme, along with the involvement or absence of ordered water, produces a large structural manifold of active site hydrogen bond motifs. Diverse examples of multicentered and two-centered short hydrogen bond arrays, both at and away from the active site, recently discovered in several protein crystal systems, suggest that short hydrogen bonds in proteins may be more common than has been recognized. The short hydrogen bond arrays resemble one another with respect to ionic nature, highly polar environment, multitude of assocd. ordinary hydrogen bonds, and disparate pKa values of participating groups. Comparison of structures and Ki values of trypsin complexes at pH values where the multicentered short hydrogen bond arrays mediating inhibitor binding are present or absent indicate that these arrays have a minor effect on inhibitor potency. These features suggest little covalent nature within the short hydrogen bonds, despite their extraordinary shortness (as short as 2.0 .ANG.).

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2002:510523 CAPLUS  
 DN 138:162956  
 TI 2-(2-Hydroxy-3-alkoxyphenyl)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxamidine derivatives  
 as potent and selective urokinase-type plasminogen activator inhibitors  
 AU Mackman, Richard L.; Hui, Hon C.; Breitenbucher, J. Guy; Katz, Bradley A.;  
 Luong, Christine; Martelli, Arnold; McGee, Danny; Radika, Kesavan;  
 Sendzik, Martin; Spencer, Jeffrey R.; Sprengeler, Paul A.; Tario, James;  
 Verner, Erik; Wang, Jing  
 CS Celera, South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
 SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2002), 12(15), 2019-2022

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X  
 PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 138:162956

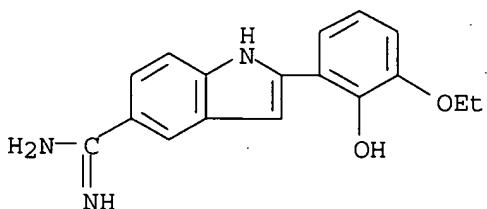
IT **497147-73-6P 497147-74-7P 497147-75-8P**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug design for potent and selective urokinase-type plasminogen activator inhibitors)

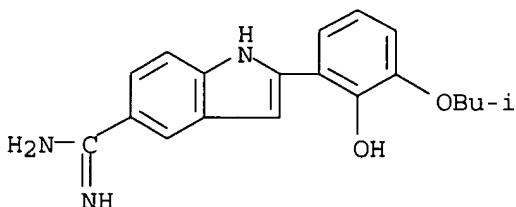
RN 497147-73-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-ethoxy-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



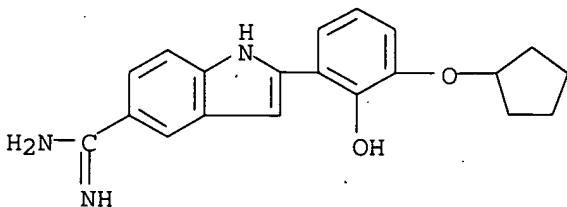
RN 497147-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-3-(2-methylpropoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 497147-75-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[3-(cyclopentyloxy)-2-hydroxyphenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

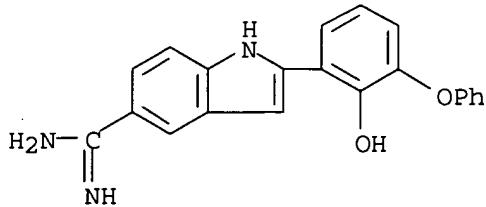


IT **497147-72-5**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(drug design for potent and selective urokinase-type plasminogen activator inhibitors)

RN 497147-72-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



AB The development of potent and selective urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA) inhibitors based on the lead mol. 2-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxamidine is described.

RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2002:142700 CAPLUS

DN 136:183829

TI Preparation of azolylbiphenylindolecarboxamidines Factor VIIa inhibitors

IN Leahy, Ellen M.

PA Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
------------	------	------	-----------------	------

PI WO 2002014307	A1	20020221	WO 2001-US25324	20010811
------------------	----	----------	-----------------	----------

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
---	--

US 2002037912	A1	20020328	US 2001-927423	20010810
---------------	----	----------	----------------	----------

			US 2000-224713PP	20000811
--	--	--	------------------	----------

AU 2001083340	A5	20020225	AU 2001-83340	20010811
---------------	----	----------	---------------	----------

			US 2000-224713PP	20000811
--	--	--	------------------	----------

			WO 2001-US25324W	20010811
--	--	--	------------------	----------

OS MARPAT 136:183829

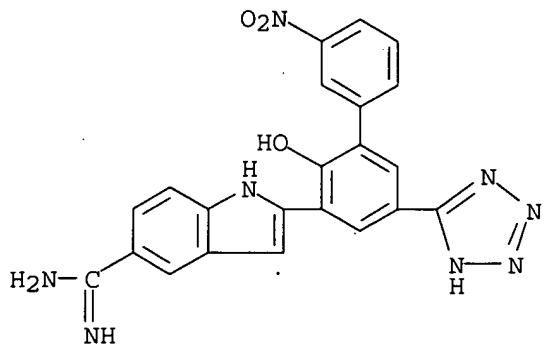
IT 381210-39-5P 400008-32-4P 400008-33-5P  
 400008-34-6P 400008-35-7P 400008-36-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of azolylbiphenylindolecarboxamidines as Factor VIIa inhibitors)

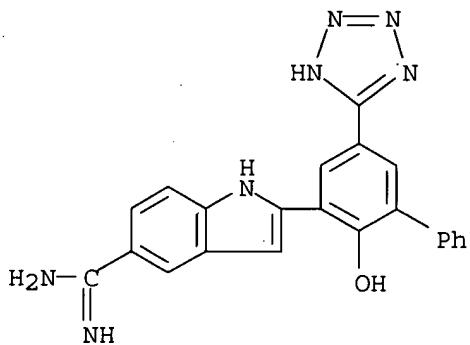
RN 381210-39-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



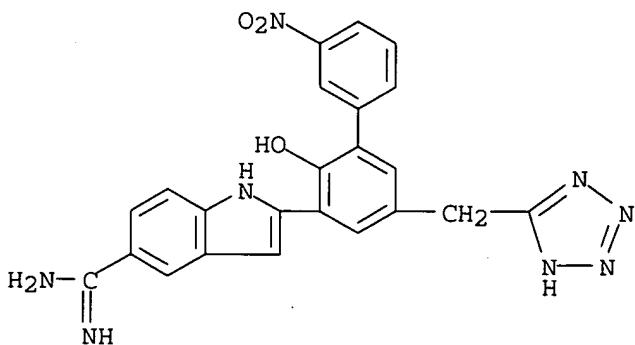
RN 400008-32-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 400008-33-5 CAPLUS

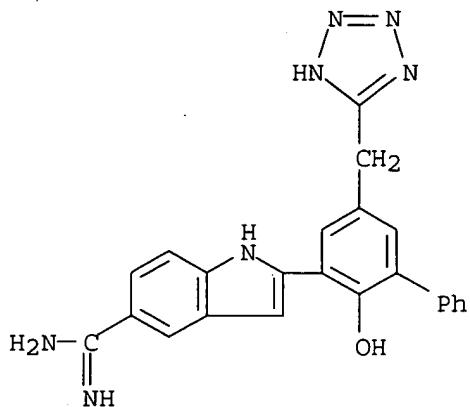
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 400008-34-6 CAPLUS

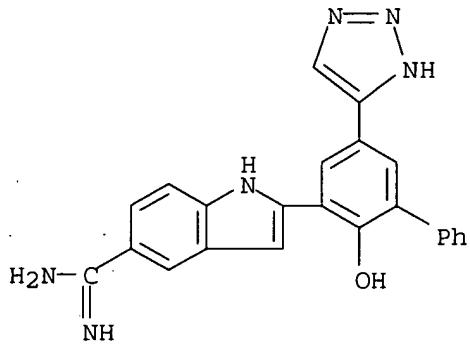
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)[1,1'-

biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



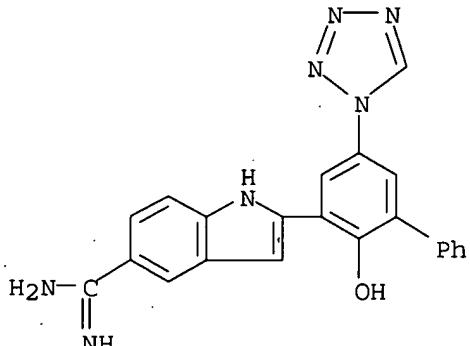
RN 400008-35-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

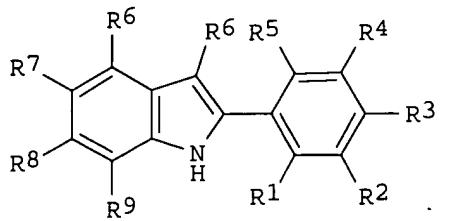


RN 400008-36-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-1-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Title compds. [I; R1 = OH; R2 = Ph, nitrophenyl; R3, R5, R8, R9 = H; R4 = (CH2)0-2-tetrazolyl, (CH2)0-2-triazolyl; R6 = H, CH2Ph; R7 = amino, amidino, guanidino], were prep'd. as antithrombotics (no data). 1-[3-Bromo-2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]ethanone, 3-nitrophenylboronic acid, Na2CO3, and Pd(PPh3)4 were refluxed 8-16 h in EtOH/PhMe/H2O to give 100% 1-[2-hydroxy-3-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-3-yl]ethanone. The latter was refluxed with 4-hydrazinobenzamidine and diisopropylethylamine in EtOH for 8-16 h to give a hydrazone which was heated in polyphosphoric acid at 165 degree. for 1 h to give 3% 2-[2-hydroxy-3-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-3-yl]-1H-indole-5-carboxamidine.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 2002:142669 CAPLUS  
DN 136:200191  
TI Preparation of 2-(3-tetrazolyl or 3-triazolylphenyl)indoles as selective urokinase inhibitors  
IN Mackman, Richard L.  
PA Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002014274	A1	20020221	WO 2001-US25315	20010811
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			US 2000-224712PP	20000811
US	2002045650	A1	20020418	US 2001-927785	20010810
US	6465503	B2	20021015		
AU	2001083336	A5	20020225	US 2000-224712PP	20000811
				AU 2001-83336	20010811
				US 2000-224712PP	20000811
				WO 2001-US25315W	20010811

OS MARPAT 136:200191

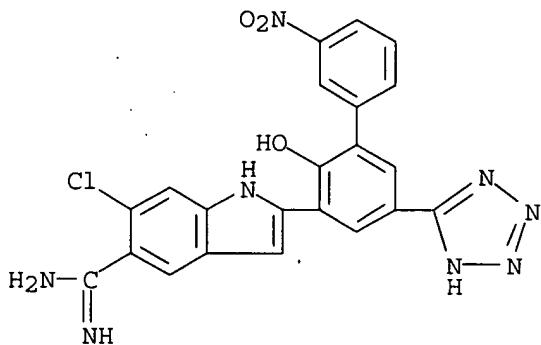
IT 400781-28-4P 400781-29-5P 400781-30-8P  
400781-31-9P 400781-32-0P 400781-33-1P  
400781-34-2P 400781-35-3P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 2-(3-tetrazolyl or 3-triazolylphenyl)indoles as selective urokinase inhibitors)

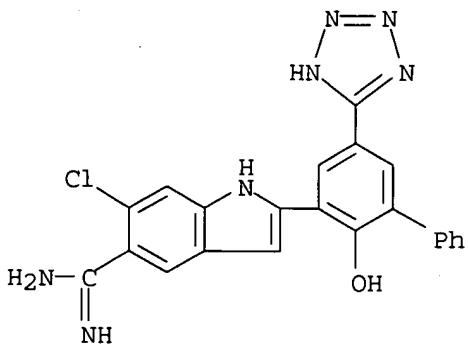
RN 400781-28-4 CAPPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



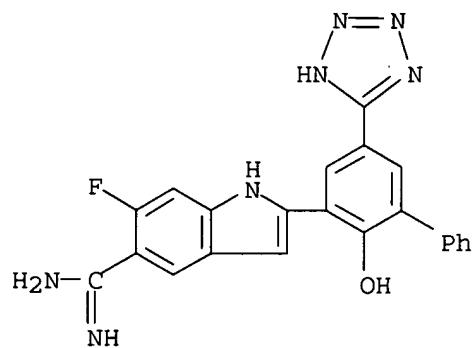
RN 400781-29-5 CAPPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



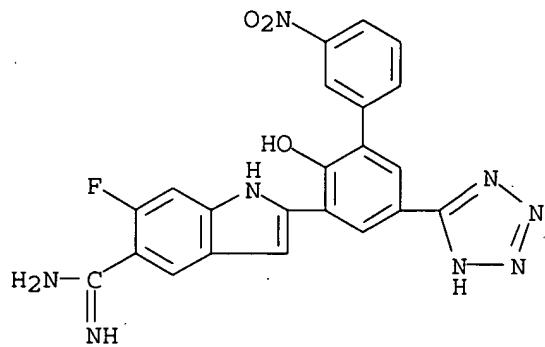
RN 400781-30-8 CAPPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



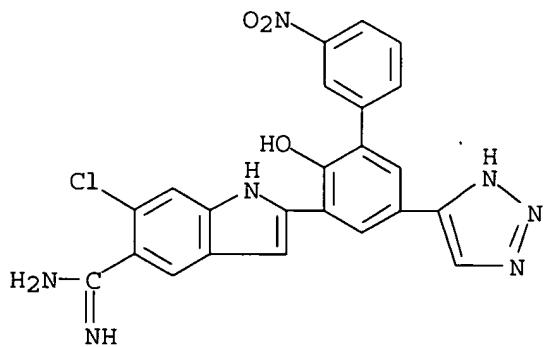
RN 400781-31-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



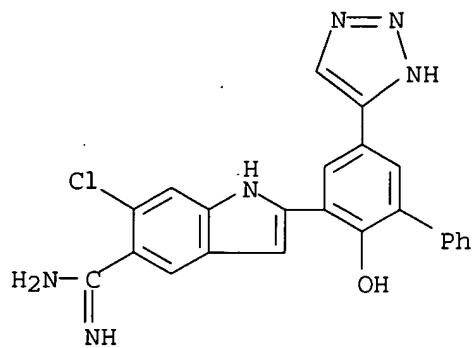
RN 400781-32-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



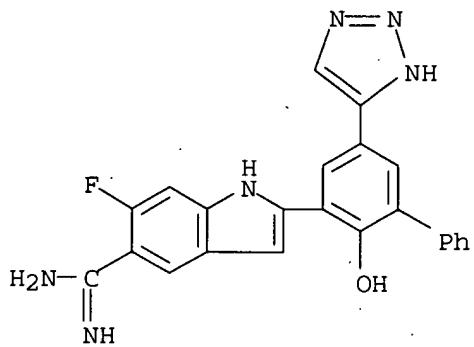
RN 400781-33-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



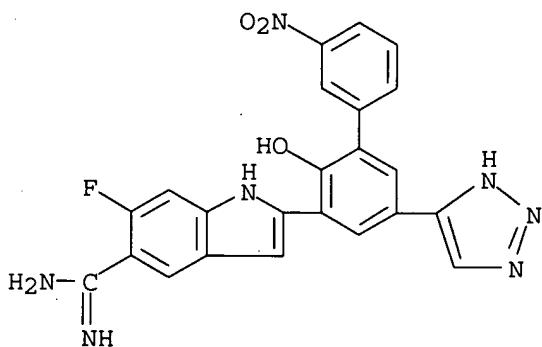
RN 400781-34-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-[2-hydroxy-5-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

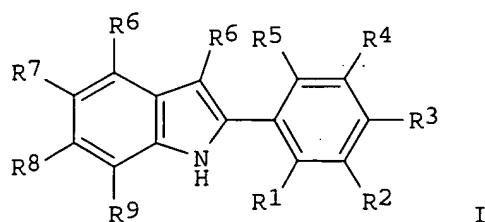


RN 400781-35-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



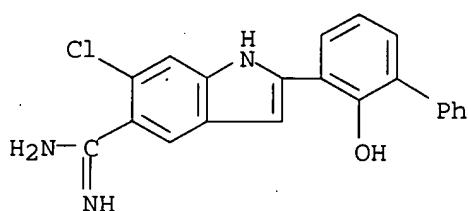
GI



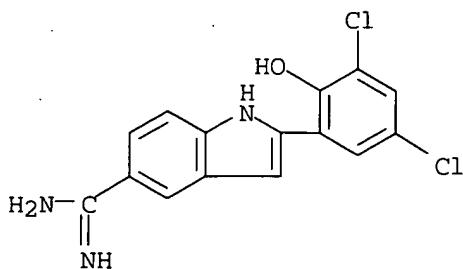
AB The title compds. [I; R1 = OH; R2 = Ph, nitrophenyl; R3 = H; R4 = (CH2)0-2tetrazolyl, (CH2)0-2triazolyl; R5 = H; R6 = H; R7 = NH2, amidino, guanidino; R8 = halo; R9 = H] which are inhibitors of uPA (no data), and have utility as cancer treating agents, were prep'd. E.g., a 3-step synthesis of I [R1 = OH: 3-NO2C6H4; R3 = H; R4 = 1H-tetrazol-5-yl; R5, R6 = H; R7 = C(:NH)NH2; R8 = Cl; R9 = H], starting with 1-[3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]ethanone, was given.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

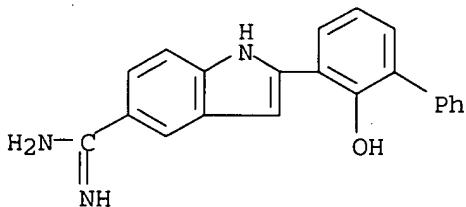
L4 ANSWER 7 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2001:866569 CAPLUS  
 DN 136:395308  
 TI Engineering inhibitors highly selective for the S1 sites of Ser190 trypsin-like serine protease drug targets  
 AU Katz, Bradley A.; Sprengeler, Paul A.; Luong, Christine; Verner, Erik; Elrod, Kyle; Kirtley, Matt; Janc, James; Spencer, Jeffrey R.; Breitenbucher, J. Guy; Hui, Hon; McGee, Danny; Allen, Darin; Martelli, Arnold; Mackman, Richard L.  
 CS Axys Pharmaceutical Corporation, South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
 SO Chemistry & Biology (2001), 8(11), 1107-1121  
 CODEN: CBOLE2; ISSN: 1074-5521  
 PB Elsevier Science Ltd.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT 277312-21-7, APC 10302 277312-33-1, APC 9008  
 277312-42-2, APC 8696 277312-54-6, APC 9850  
 277312-62-6, APC 11417  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (APC-7806 (benzimidazole) and APC-8696 (indole) series inhibitors highly selective for S1 sites of Ser190 trypsin-like serine protease drug targets and their structure-activity relationship)  
 RN 277312-21-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



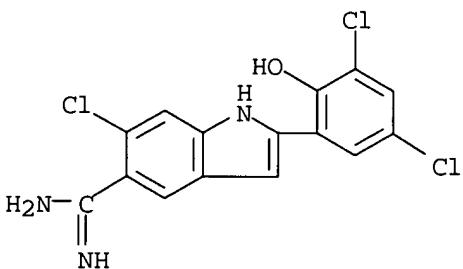
RN 277312-33-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



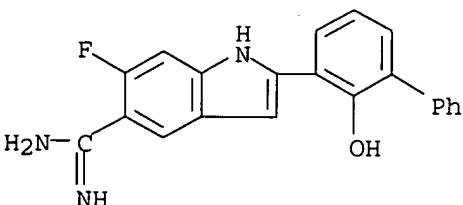
RN 277312-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

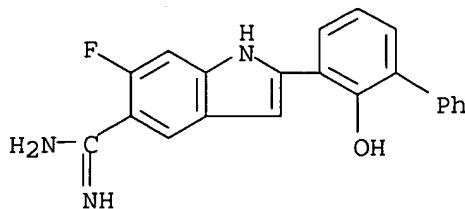


RN 277312-54-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277312-62-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





**AB** Background: Involved or implicated in a wide spectrum of diseases, trypsin-like serine proteases comprise well studied drug targets and anti-targets that can be subdivided into two major classes. In one class there is a serine at position 190 at the S1 site, as in urokinase type plasminogen activator (urokinase or uPA) and factor VIIa, and in the other there is an alanine at 190, as in tissue type plasminogen activator (tPA) and factor Xa. A hydrogen bond unique to Ser190 protease-arylamidine complexes between O. $\gamma$ .Ser190 and the inhibitor amidine confers an intrinsic preference for such inhibitors toward Ser190 proteases over Ala190 counterparts. Results: Based on the structural differences between the S1 sites of Ser190 and Ala190 protease-arylamidine complexes, we amplified the selectivity of amidine inhibitors toward uPA and against tPA, by factors as high as 220-fold, by incorporating a halo group ortho to the amidine of a lead inhibitor scaffold. Comparison of *Ki* values of such halo-substituted and parent inhibitors toward a panel of Ser190 and Ala190 proteases demonstrates pronounced selectivity of the halo analogs for Ser190 proteases over Ala190 counterparts. Crystal structures of Ser190 proteases, uPA and trypsin, and of an Ala190 counterpart, thrombin, bound by a set of ortho (halo, amidino) aryl inhibitors and of non-halo parents reveal the structural basis of the exquisite selectivity and validate the design principle. Conclusions: Remarkable selectivity enhancements of exceptionally small inhibitors are achieved toward the uPA target over the highly similar tPA anti-target through a single atom substitution on an otherwise relatively non-selective scaffold. Overall selectivities for uPA over tPA as high as 980-fold at physiol. pH were realized. The increase in selectivity results from the displacement of a single bound water mol. common to the S1 site of both the uPA target and the tPA anti-target because of the ensuing deficit in hydrogen bonding of the arylamidine inhibitor when bound in the Ala190 protease anti-target.

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

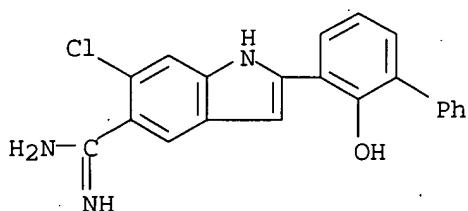
L4 ANSWER 8 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2001:731858 CAPLUS  
 DN 136:31297  
 TI Exploiting Subsite S1 of Trypsin-Like Serine Proteases for Selectivity: Potent and Selective Inhibitors of Urokinase-Type Plasminogen Activator  
 AU Mackman, Richard L.; Katz, Bradley A.; Breitenbucher, J. Guy; Hui, Hon C.; Verner, Erik; Luong, Christine; Liu, Liang; Sprengeler, Paul A.  
 CS Departments of Medicinal Chemistry Structural Biology and Preclinical Sciences, Axys Pharmaceuticals Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 44(23), 3856-3871  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 PB American Chemical Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT 277312-21-7P  
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(exploiting subsite S1 of trypsin-like serine proteases for selectivity to design potent and selective inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activators in relation to pharmacokinetics)

RN 277312-21-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 277312-62-6P 380241-57-6P 380241-87-2P

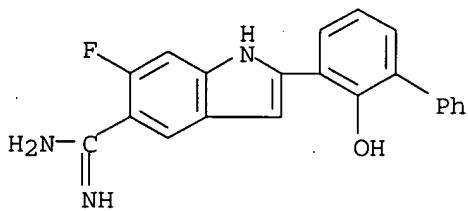
**380241-89-4P**

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(exploiting subsite S1 of trypsin-like serine proteases for selectivity to design potent and selective inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activators in relation to pharmacokinetics)

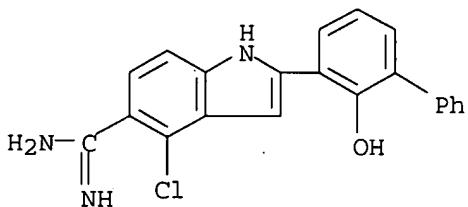
RN 277312-62-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



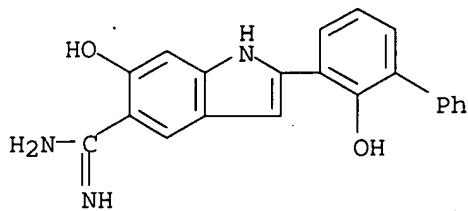
RN 380241-57-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 4-chloro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

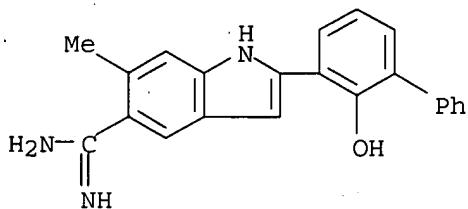


RN 380241-87-2 CAPLUS

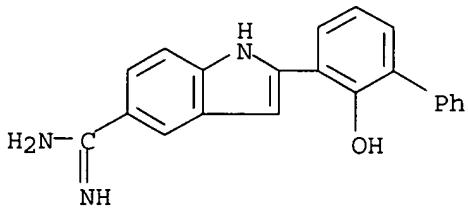
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-hydroxy-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



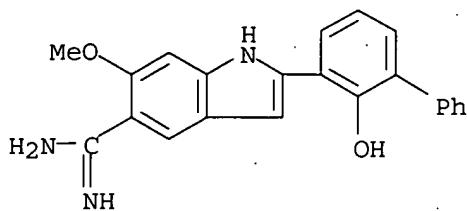
RN 380241-89-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 277312-42-2  
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (exploiting subsite S1 of trypsin-like serine proteases for selectivity to design potent and selective inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activators in relation to pharmacokinetics)  
 RN 277312-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 380241-85-0P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (exploiting subsite S1 of trypsin-like serine proteases for selectivity to design potent and selective inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activators in relation to pharmacokinetics)  
 RN 380241-85-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)-6-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A nonselective inhibitor of trypsin-like serine proteases, 2-(2-hydroxybiphenyl-3-yl)-1H-indole-5-carboxamidine (I) (Verner, E.; Katz, B. A.; Spencer, J.; Allen, D.; Hataye, J.; Hruzewicz, W.; Hui, H. C.; Kolesnikov, A.; Li, Y.; Luong, C.; Martelli, A.; Radika. K.; Rai, R.; She, M.; Shrader, W.; Sprengeler, P. A.; Trapp, S.; Wang, J.; Young, W. B.; Mackman, R. L. *J. Med. Chem.* 2001, 44, 2753-2771) has been optimized through minor structural changes on the S1 binding group to afford remarkably selective and potent inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA). The trypsin-like serine proteases that comprise drug targets can be broadly categorized into two subfamilies, those with Ser190 and those with Ala190. A single-atom modification, for example, replacement of hydrogen for chlorine at the 6-position of the 5-amidinoindole P1 group on I, generated 1.1 to 1.6700-fold selectivity toward the Ser190 enzymes and against the Ala190 enzymes. The larger chlorine atom displaces a water mol. (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>1</sub>S1) that binds near residue 190 in all the complexes of I, and related inhibitors, in uPA, thrombin, and trypsin. The water mol., H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>1</sub>S1, in both the Ser190 or Ala190 enzymes, hydrogen bonds with the amidine N1 nitrogen of the inhibitor. When it is displaced, a redn. in affinity toward the Ala190 enzymes is obsd. due to the amidine N1 nitrogen of the bound inhibitor being deprived of a key hydrogen-bonding partner. In the Ser190 enzymes the affinity is maintained since the serine hydroxyl oxygen O. $\gamma$ .Ser190 compensates for the displaced water mol. High-resoln. crystallog. provided evidence for the displacement of the water mol. and validated the design rationale. In summation, a novel and powerful method for engineering selectivity toward Ser190 proteases and against Ala190 proteases without substantially increasing mol. wt. is described.

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

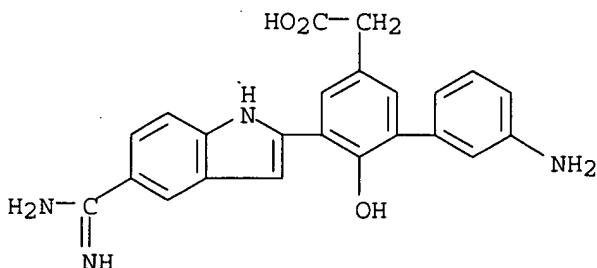
L4 ANSWER 9 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 2001:628981 CAPLUS  
DN 136:47957  
TI Optimization of a screening lead for factor VIIa/TF  
AU Young, W. B.; Kolesnikov, A.; Sprengeler, P. A.; Leahy, E. M.; Shrader, W. D.; Sangalang, J.; Burgess-Henry, J.; Spencer, J.; Elrod, K.; Cregar, L.  
CS Departments of Medicinal Chemistry, Structural Chemistry, and Enzymology, Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(17), 2253-2256  
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X  
PB Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
IT 381210-27-1P 381210-28-2P 381210-29-3P  
381210-30-6P 381210-31-7P 381210-32-8P  
381210-33-9P 381210-34-0P 381210-35-1P  
381210-36-2P 381210-37-3P 381210-38-4P  
381210-39-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(structure based design of an indole biphenyl inhibitor of factor VIIa/TF with improved selectivity vs. related enzymes)

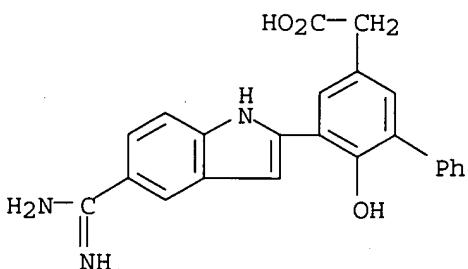
RN 381210-27-1 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 3'-amino-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



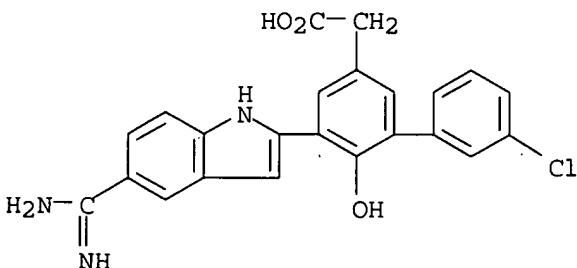
RN 381210-28-2 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



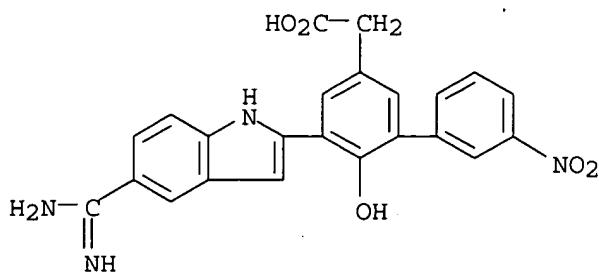
RN 381210-29-3 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-3'-chloro-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

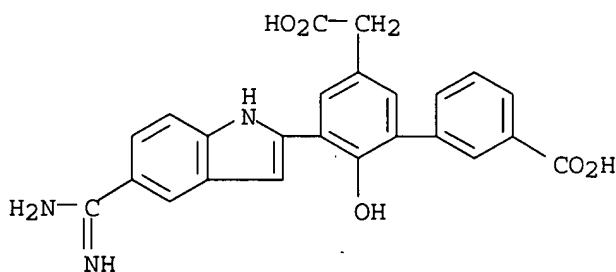


RN 381210-30-6 CAPLUS

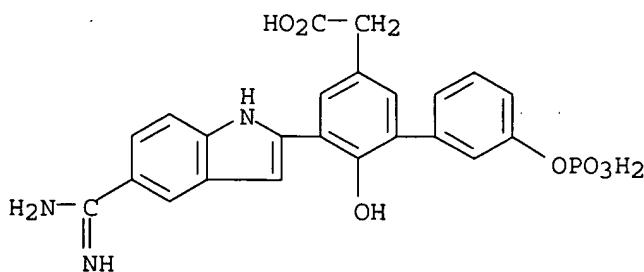
CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



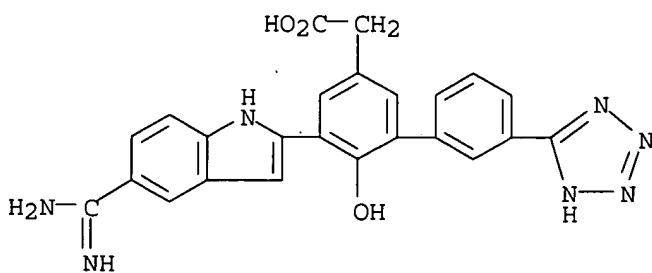
RN 381210-31-7 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-3'-carboxy-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 381210-32-8 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-(phosphonoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

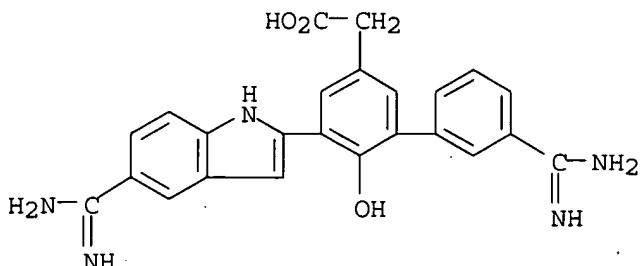


RN 381210-33-9 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



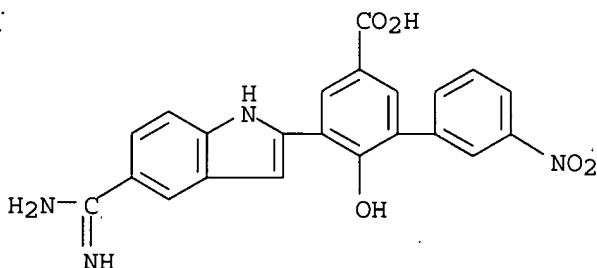
RN 381210-34-0 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 3'-(aminoiminomethyl)-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



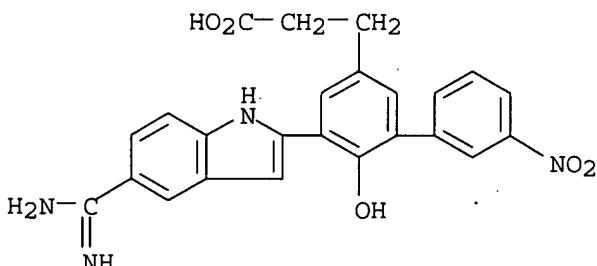
RN 381210-35-1 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-carboxylic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



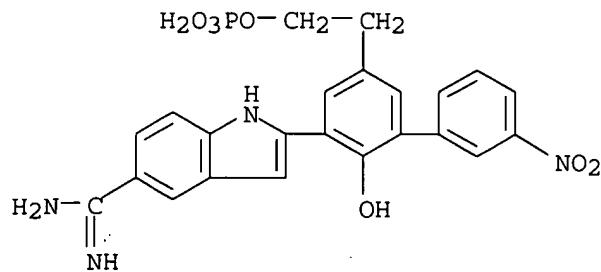
RN 381210-36-2 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-propanoic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

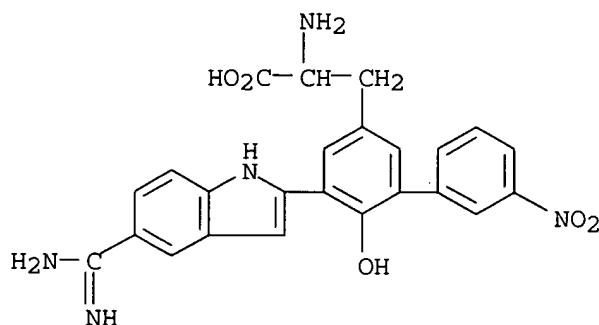


RN 381210-37-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-[2-(phosphonoxy)ethyl]-1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

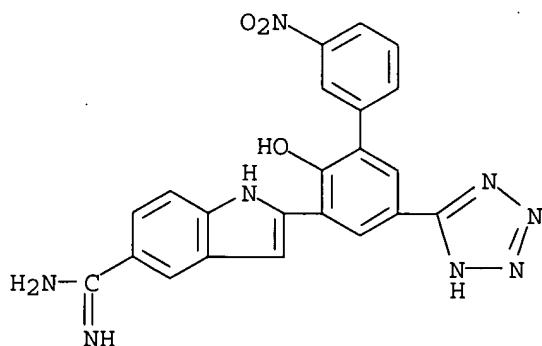


RN 381210-38-4 CAPLUS

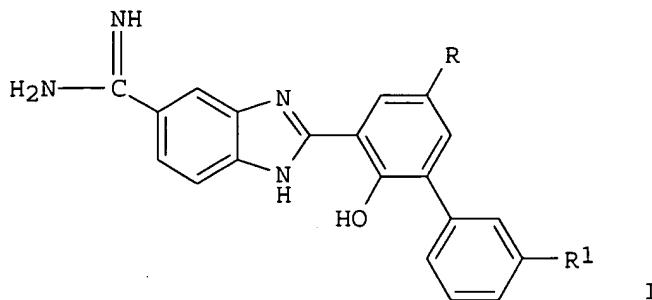
CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-propanoic acid,  $\alpha$ -amino-5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-3'-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 381210-39-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-3'-nitro-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB The structure-based design and progression of a screening lead (I, R = Cl, R1 = NH2) to a 3 nM factor VIIa/TF inhibitor I, (R = CH2CO2H, R1 = NO2) with improved selectivity vs. related enzymes is described.

RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:518599 CAPLUS

DN 135:313147

TI Development of potent and selective factor Xa inhibitors

AU Rai, R.; Kolesnikov, A.; Li, Y.; Young, W.; Leahy, E.; Sprengeler, P.; Verner, E.; Shrader, W.; Burgess-Henry, J.; Sangalang, J.; Allen, D.; Chen, X.; Katz, B.; Luong, C.; Elrod, K.; Cregar, L.

CS Departments of Medicinal Chemistry, Structural Chemistry and Enzymology, Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(14), 1797-1800  
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

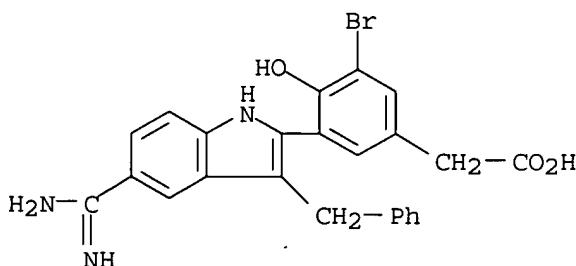
IT 277312-22-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(development of potent and selective factor Xa inhibitors in relation to inhibition of thrombin)

RN 277312-22-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



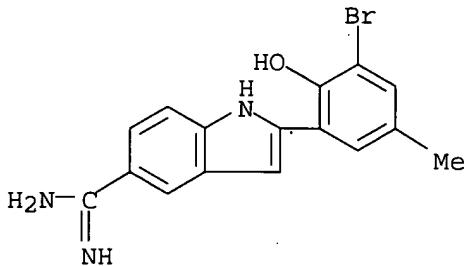
IT 277312-31-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (development of potent and selective factor Xa inhibitors in relation to inhibition of thrombin)

RN 277312-31-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

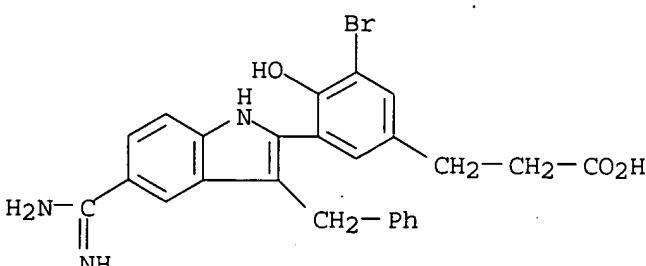


IT 277312-23-9P 277312-32-0P 277312-41-1P  
 277312-48-8P 277312-51-3P 277312-53-5P  
 277312-74-0P 277312-82-0P 277312-84-2P  
 277312-85-3P 277312-86-4P 368878-92-6P  
 368878-93-7P 368878-94-8P 368878-95-9P  
 368878-96-0P 368878-97-1P 368878-98-2P  
 368878-99-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (development of potent and selective factor Xa inhibitors in relation to inhibition of thrombin)

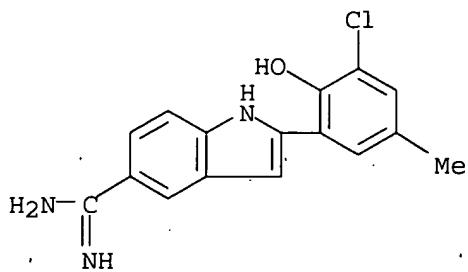
RN 277312-23-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

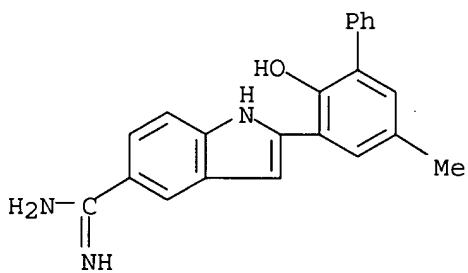


RN 277312-32-0 CAPLUS

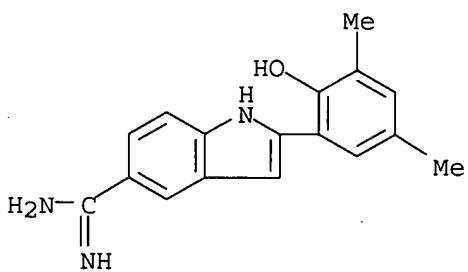
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-chloro-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



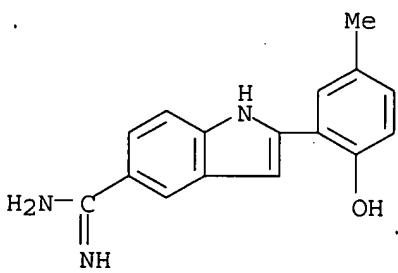
RN 277312-41-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



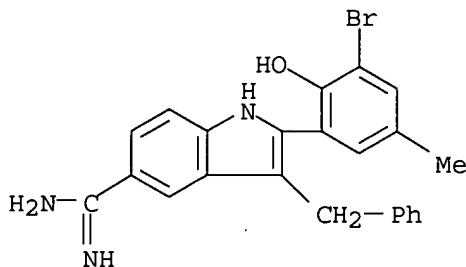
RN 277312-48-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



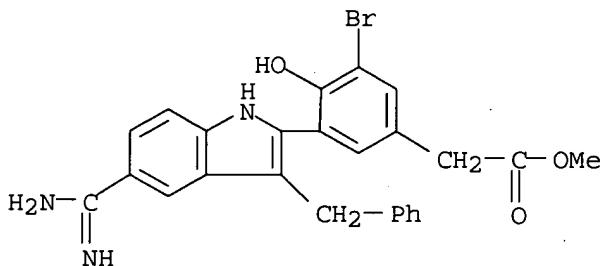
RN 277312-51-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



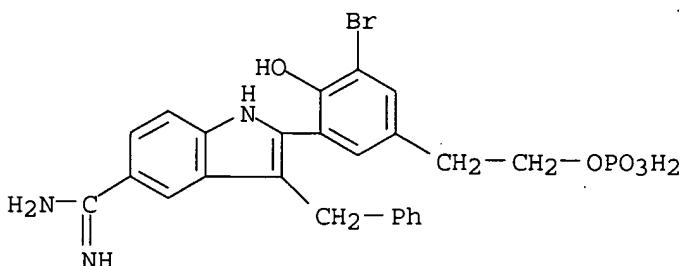
RN 277312-53-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



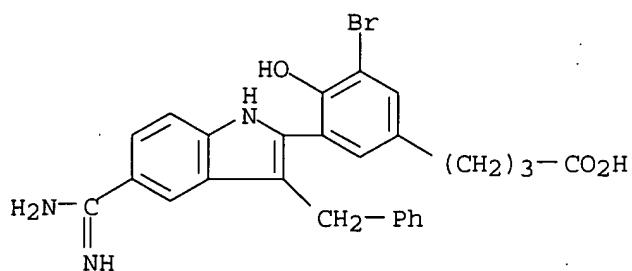
RN 277312-74-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



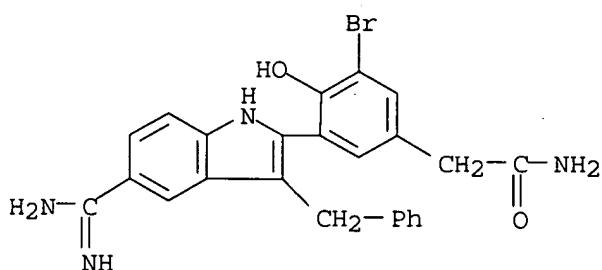
RN 277312-82-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]phenyl]-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



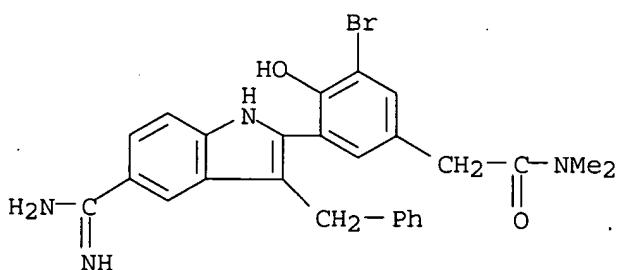
RN 277312-84-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



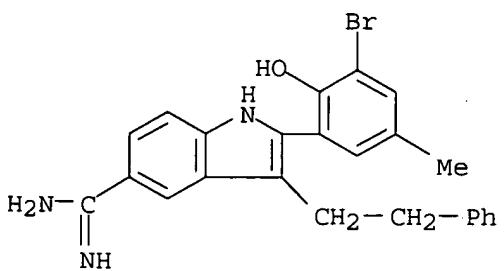
RN 277312-85-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



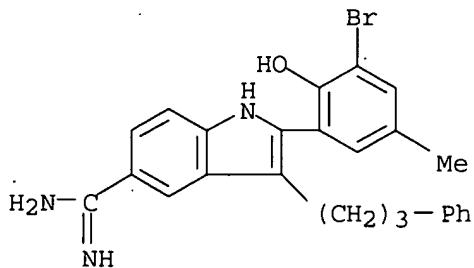
RN 277312-86-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



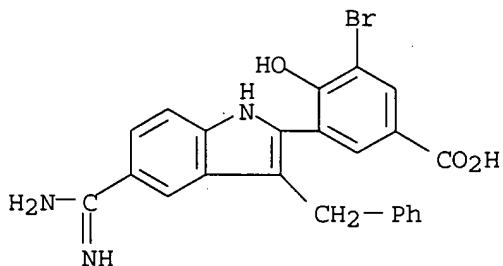
RN 368878-92-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



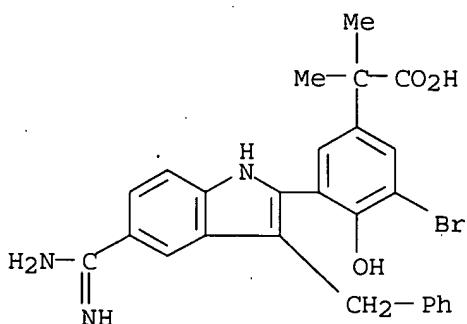
RN 368878-93-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(3-phenylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



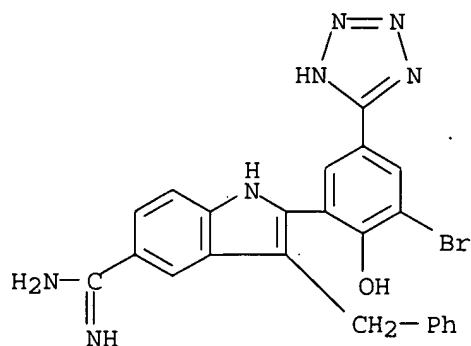
RN 368878-94-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 368878-95-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-.alpha.,.alpha.-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

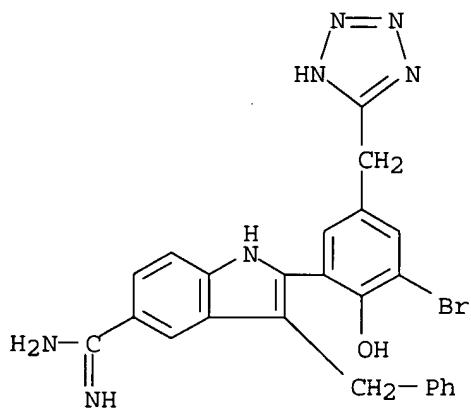


RN 368878-96-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl]-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



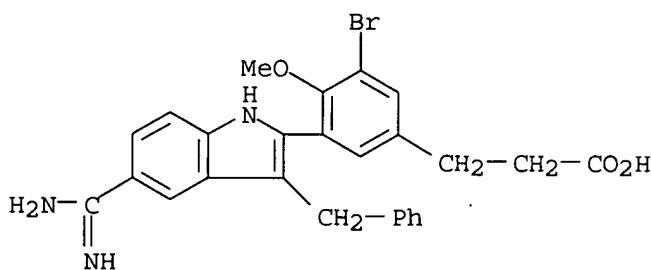
RN 368878-97-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-(1H-tetrazol-5-ylmethyl)phenyl]-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



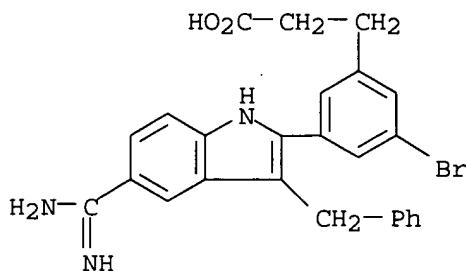
RN 368878-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 368878-99-3 CAPLUS

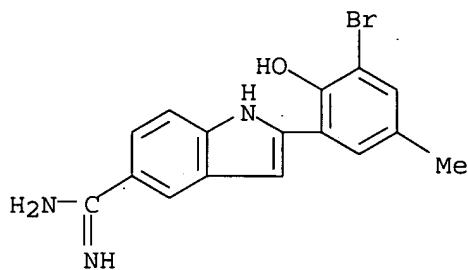
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



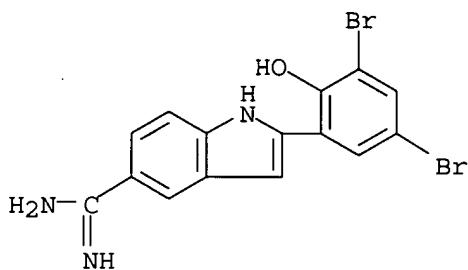
AB The development of potent and selective small mol. inhibitors of factor Xa is described. Inhibition of thrombin and crystal structure of several of the compds. complexed with thrombin is also described. The compds. showed anticoagulant activity. The synthesis of the phenylindolecarboxamide compds. is illustrated.

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

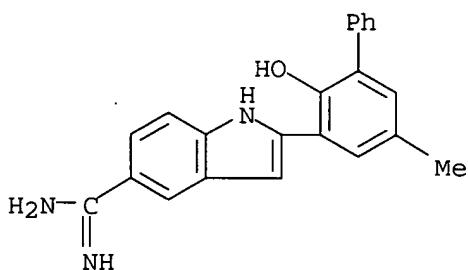
L4 ANSWER 11 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2001:500142 CAPLUS  
 DN 135:235905  
 TI Development of serine protease inhibitors displaying a multicentered short (<2.3 .ANG.) hydrogen bond binding mode: Inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activator and factor Xa  
 AU Verner, Erik; Katz, Bradley A.; Spencer, Jeffrey R.; Allen, Darin; Hataye, Jason; Hruzewicz, Witold; Hui, Hon C.; Kolesnikov, Aleksandr; Li, Yong; Luong, Christine; Martelli, Arnold; Radika, Kesavan; Rai, Roopa; She, Miles; Shrader, William; Sprengeler, Paul A.; Trapp, Sean; Wang, Jing; Young, Wendy B.; Mackman, Richard L.  
 CS Departments of Medicinal Chemistry Structural Biology and Biochemistry and Enzymology, Axys Pharmaceuticals Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 44(17), 2753-2771  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 PB American Chemical Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT 277312-31-9P 277312-40-0P 277312-41-1P  
 277312-42-2P 277312-44-4P 360791-79-3P  
 360791-81-7P 360791-83-9P 360791-85-1P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. and biol. activity of serine protease inhibitors displaying a multicentered short (<2.3 .ANG.) hydrogen bond binding mode and inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activator and factor Xa)  
 RN 277312-31-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



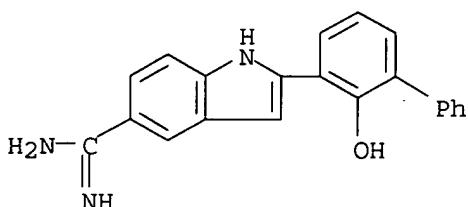
RN 277312-40-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277312-41-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

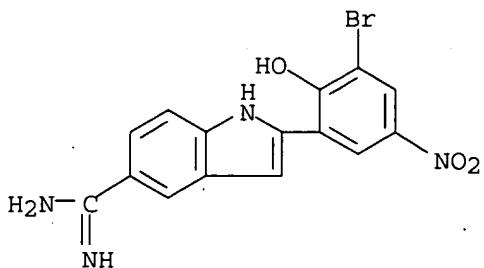


RN 277312-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

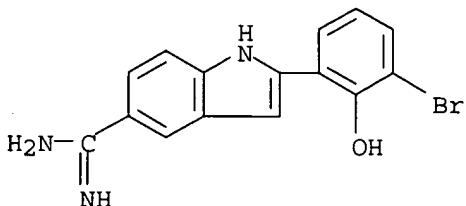


RN 277312-44-4 CAPLUS

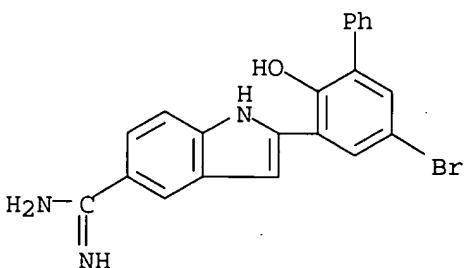
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



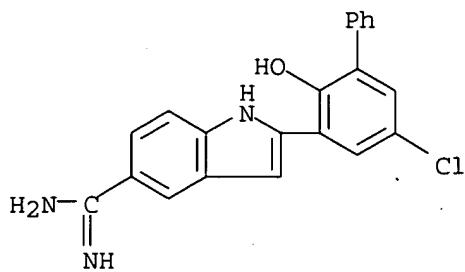
RN 360791-79-3 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 360791-81-7 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(5-bromo-2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

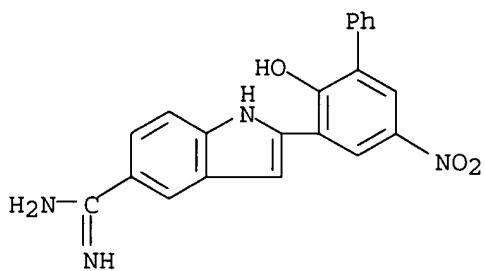


RN 360791-83-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 360791-85-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-nitro[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

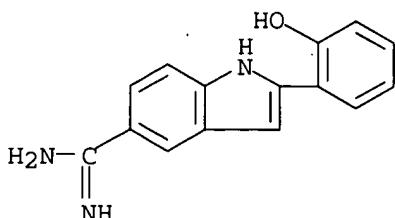


IT 179748-10-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and biol. activity of serine protease inhibitors displaying a  
 multicentered short (<2.3 .ANG.) hydrogen bond binding mode and  
 inhibitors of urokinase-type plasminogen activator and factor Xa)

RN 179748-10-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

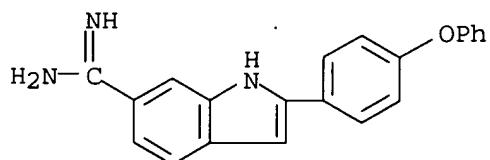


AB Novel scaffolds that bind to serine proteases through a unique network of short hydrogen bonds to the catalytic Ser195 have been developed. The resulting potent serine protease inhibitors were designed from lead mol. 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxamidine, 6b, which is known to display several modes of binding. For instance, 6b can recruit zinc and bind in a manner similar to that reported by bis(5-amidino-2-benzimidazolyl)methane (BABIM) (Nature 1998, 391, 608-612). Alternatively, 6b can bind in the absence of zinc through a multicentered network of short (<2.3 .ANG.) hydrogen bonds. The lead structure was optimized in the zinc-independent binding mode toward a panel of six human serine proteases to yield optimized inhibitors such as 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-1H-indole-5-carboxamidine, 22a, and

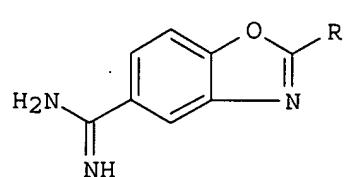
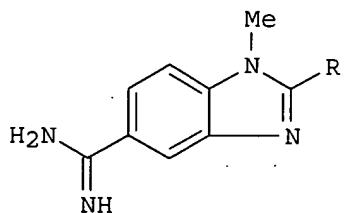
2-(2-hydroxybiphenyl-3-yl)-1H-indole-5-carboxamidine, 22f. Structure-activity relationships detd. that, apart from the amidine function, an indole or benzimidazole and an ortho substituted phenol group were also essential components for optimal potency. The affinities ( $K_i$ ) of 22a and 22f, for example, bearing these groups ranged from 8 to 600 nM toward a panel of six human serine proteases. High-resoln. crystal structures revealed that the binding mode of these mols. in several of the enzymes was identical to that of 6b and involved short (<2.3 .ANG.) hydrogen bonds among the inhibitor hydroxyl oxygen, Ser195, and a water mol. trapped in the oxyanion hole. In summation, novel and potent trypsin-like serine protease inhibitors possessing a unique mode of binding have been discovered.

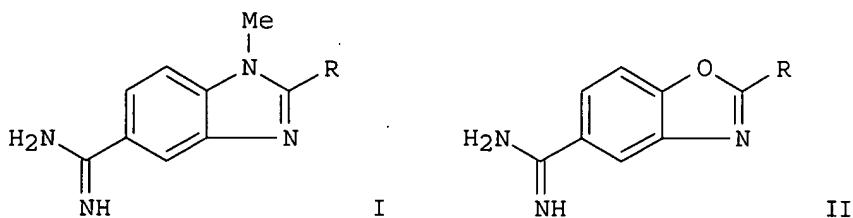
RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 2001:456650 CAPLUS  
DN 135:195528  
TI Amidino benzimidazole inhibitors of bacterial two-component systems  
AU Weidner-Wells, M. A.; Ohemeng, K. A.; Nguyen, V. N.; Fraga-Spano, S.;  
Macielag, M. J.; Werblood, H. M.; Foleno, B. D.; Webb, G. C.; Barrett, J.  
F.; Hlasta, D. J.  
CS Drug Discovery, The R. W. Johnson Pharmaceutical Research Institute,  
Raritan, NJ, 08869, USA  
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(12), 1545-1548  
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X  
PB Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
OS CASREACT 135:195528  
IT 357156-54-8  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(prepn. and antibacterial activity of amidino benzimidazole and  
benzoxazole inhibitors of bacterial two-component systems)  
RN 357156-54-8 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-6-carboximidamide, 2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

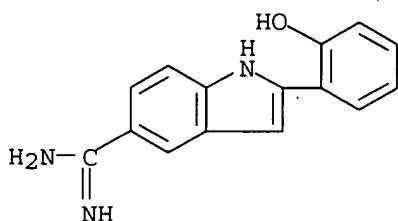




AB Amidino benzimidazoles, such as I ( $R = C_6H_4-4-OPh$ ), were identified as inhibitors of the bacterial KinA/Spo0F two-component system (TCS). Many of these inhibitors exhibit good *in vitro* antibacterial activity against a variety of susceptible and resistant Gram-pos. organisms. The moiety at the 2-position of the benzimidazole was extensively modified. In addn., the regioisomeric benzoxazoles II [ $R = C_6H_4-4-OPh$ ,  $C_6H_2-2-OH-3,5-(CMe_3)_2$ ], heterocyclic replacements for the benzimidazole, were synthesized and their activity against the TCS evaluated.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 2001:246441 CAPLUS  
DN 135:89065  
TI A Novel Serine Protease Inhibition Motif Involving a Multi-centered Short Hydrogen Bonding Network at the Active Site  
AU Katz, Bradley A.; Elrod, Kyle; Luong, Christine; Rice, Mark J.; Mackman, Richard L.; Sprengeler, Paul A.; Spencer, Jeffrey; Hataye, Jason; Janc, James; Link, John; Litvak, Joane; Rai, Roopa; Rice, Ken; Sideris, Steve; Verner, Erik; Young, Wendy  
CS Axys Pharmaceuticals Corporation, South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA  
SO Journal of Molecular Biology (2001), 307(5), 1451-1486  
CODEN: JMOBAK; ISSN: 0022-2836  
PB Academic Press  
DT Journal  
LA English  
IT 179748-10-8, APC 8328  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
    (novel serine protease inhibition motif involving a multi-centered short hydrogen bonding network at active site)  
RN 179748-10-8 : CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB We describe a new serine protease inhibition motif in which binding is mediated by a cluster of very short hydrogen bonds (<2.3 .ANG.) at the

active site. This protease-inhibitor binding paradigm is obsd. at high resoln. in a large set of crystal structures of trypsin, thrombin, and urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA) bound with a series of small mol. inhibitors (2-(2-phenol)indoles and 2-(2-phenol)benzimidazoles). In each complex there are eight enzyme-inhibitor or enzyme-water-inhibitor hydrogen bonds at the active site, three of which are very short. These short hydrogen bonds connect a triangle of oxygen atoms comprising O. $\gamma$ .Ser195, a water mol. co-bound in the oxyanion hole (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>xy</sub>), and the phenolate oxygen atom of the inhibitor (O<sup>6'</sup>). Two of the other hydrogen bonds between the inhibitor and active site of the trypsin and uPA complexes become short in the thrombin counterparts, extending the three-centered short hydrogen-bonding array into a tetrahedral array of atoms (three oxygen and one nitrogen) involved in short hydrogen bonds. In the uPA complexes, the extensive hydrogen-bonding interactions at the active site prevent the inhibitor S1 amidine from forming direct hydrogen bonds with Asp189 because the S1 site is deeper in uPA than in trypsin or thrombin. Ionization equil. at the active site assocd. with inhibitor binding are probed through detn. and comparison of structures over a wide range of pH (3.5 to 11.4) of thrombin complexes and of trypsin complexes in three different crystal forms. The high-pH trypsin-inhibitor structures suggest that His57 is protonated at pH values as high as 9.5. The pH-dependent inhibition of trypsin, thrombin, uPA and factor Xa by 2-(2-phenol)benzimidazole analogs in which the pKa of the phenol group is modulated is shown to be consistent with a binding process involving ionization of both the inhibitor and the enzyme. These data further suggest that the pKa of His57 of each protease in the unbound state in soln. is about the same, apprx. 6.8. By comparing inhibition consts. (Ki values), inhibitor solubilities, inhibitor conformational energies and corresponding structures of short and normal hydrogen bond-mediated complexes, we have estd. the contribution of the short hydrogen bond networks to inhibitor affinity (.apprx. 1.7 kcal/mol). The structures and Ki values assocd. with the short hydrogen-bonding motif are compared with those corresponding to an alternate, Zn<sup>2+</sup>-mediated inhibition motif at the active site. Structural differences among apo-enzymes, enzyme-inhibitor and enzyme-inhibitor-Zn<sup>2+</sup> complexes are discussed in the context of affinity determinants, selectivity development, and structure-based inhibitor design. (c) 2001 Academic Press.

RE.CNT 71 THERE ARE 71 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2001:178434 CAPLUS  
 DN 134:222629  
 TI Preparation of indoles as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone  
 IN Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Lin, Peter; Ponpipom, Mitree M.; Wyvratt, Matthew J.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Young, Jonathan  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO U.S., 53 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,780,437.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			US 1996-760816	A219961205

US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816	19961205
JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
			JP 1997-522124	A319961210
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536	19961213
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
CA 2337407	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337407	19990709
			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581	19990709
W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9949816	A1	20000207	US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			AU 1999-49816	19990709
			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850	19990709
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002520409	T2	20020709	US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
			JP 2000-560119	19990709
			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709

## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1997:511777

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9721704	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19444	19961210
	W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			WO 1995-8633P	P 19951214
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
CA 2240108	AA	19970619	CA 1996-2240108	19961210	
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214	
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216	
AU 9714106	A1	19970703	AU 1997-14106	19961210	
AU 707641	B2	19990715	US 1995-8633P	P 19951214	
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216	
EP 873336	A1	19981028	WO 1996-US19444W	19961210	
EP 873336	B1	20020327	EP 1996-944249	19961210	
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214	
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216	
			WO 1996-US19444W	19961210	

CN 1208412	A	19990217	CN 1996-199872	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
JP 11506471	T2	19990608	JP 1996-522124	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
			WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
JP 3230818	B2	20011119	JP 1997-522124	A319961210
			JP 1997-522124	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
AT 215081	E	20020415	AT 1996-944249	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
ES 2174129	T3	20021101	WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
			ES 1996-944249	19961210
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536	19961213
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
NO 9802729	A	19980813	NO 1998-2729	19980612
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
			WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
FAN 1998:479019				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816	19961205
US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			US 1996-760816	A219961205
FAN 2000:68450				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581	19990709
W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			US 1998-115497	19980714
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			US 1996-760816	A219961205
CA 2337407	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337407	19990709
			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
AU 9949816	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49816	19990709
			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
			WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850	19990709
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				

JP 2002520409 T2 20020709

US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
JP 2000-560119 19990709  
US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

OS MARPAT 134:222629

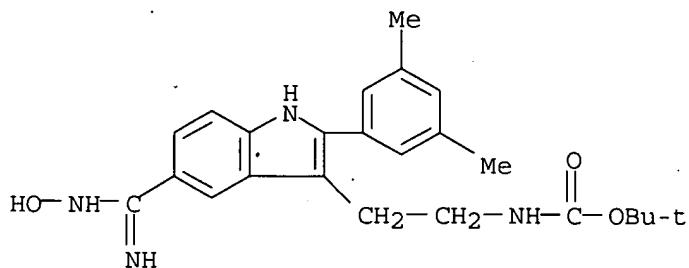
IT 192644-10-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of indoles as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone)

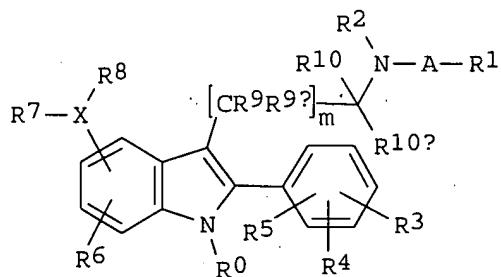
(prep. of analogs as antagonists of gonadotropin-releasing hormone)  
192644-10-3 CAPIUS

RN 192644-10-3 CAPLUS

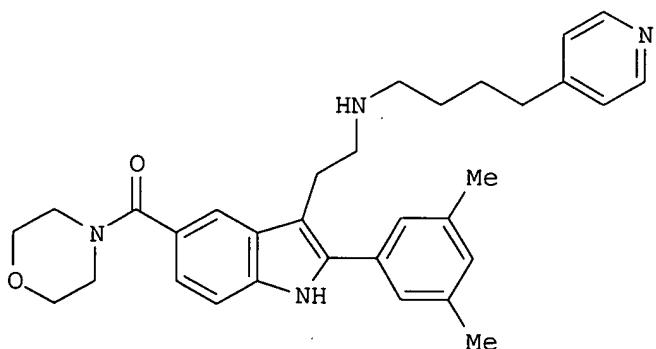
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



11



77

AB The title compds. [I; A = alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R0 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R1 = (un)substituted 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, benzimidazolyl, etc.; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R2 and A taken together form 5-7 membered ring; R3-R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R3 and R4 taken together form 3-7 membered carbocyclic ring or heterocyclic ring contg. 1-3 heteroatoms selected from, N, O, S; R6 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R7 = H, alkyl (when X = H, halo, then R7 is absent); R8 = heterocyclic ring, bicyclic heterocyclic ring, etc.; R7 and R8 taken together form (un)substituted heterocyclic ring contg. one or more heteroatoms selected from N, O or S; X = N, O, CO, etc.; m = 0-3; R9, R9a = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R10, R10a = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.], useful as antagonists of GnRH and as such may be useful for the treatment of a variety of sex-hormone related and other conditions in both men and women, were prepd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of the indole II was given. Compds. I are effective at 0.001-1 mg/kg/day.

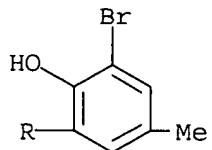
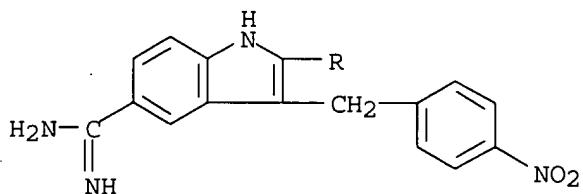
RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4	ANSWER 15 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS			
AN	2000:421114 CAPLUS			
DN	133:58803			
TI	Preparation of 2-arylindole- or -benzimidazolecarboxamidines and analogs as serine protease inhibitors			
IN	Allen, Darin Arthur; Hataye, Jason M.; Hruzewicz, Witold N.; Kolesnikov, Aleksandr; Mackman, Richard Laurence; Rai, Roopa; Spencer, Jeffrey R.; Verner, Erik J.; Young, Wendy B.			
PA	Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA			
SO	PCT Int. Appl., 187 pp.			
	CODEN: PIXXD2			
DT	Patent			
LA	English			
FAN.CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2000035886	A2	20000622	WO 1999-US30302 19991217
	WO 2000035886	A3	20001026	
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
			US 1998-113007PP	19981218
EP 1140859	A2	20011010	EP 1999-968917	19991217
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
			US 1998-113007PP	19981218
			WO 1999-US30302W	19991217
BR 9916363	A	20011211	BR 1999-16363	19991217
			US 1998-113007PP	19981218
			WO 1999-US30302W	19991217
EE 200100323	A	20020815	EE 2001-20010032319991217	
			US 1998-113007PP	19981218
			WO 1999-US30302W	19991217
JP 2002532479	T2	20021002	JP 2000-588148	19991217

NO 2001002980 A 20010801 US 1998-113007PP 19981218  
 NO 2001-2980 20010615 WO 1999-US30302W 19991217  
 US 1998-113007PP 19981218  
 WO 1999-US30302W 19991217

OS MARPAT 133:58803  
 IT **277312-56-8P**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of 2-arylindole- or -benzimidazolecarboxamidines and analogs as serine protease inhibitors)

RN 277312-56-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



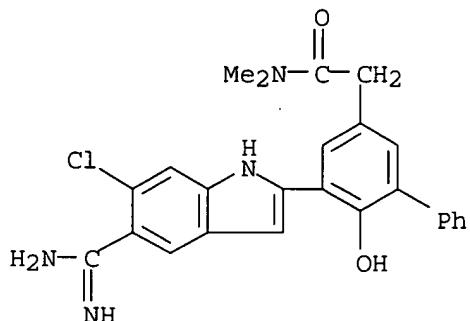
IT 277312-20-6P 277312-21-7P 277312-22-8P  
 277312-23-9P 277312-24-0P 277312-25-1P  
 277312-26-2P 277312-27-3P 277312-28-4P  
 277312-29-5P 277312-30-8P 277312-31-9P  
 277312-32-0P 277312-33-1P 277312-34-2P  
 277312-35-3P 277312-36-4P 277312-37-5P  
 277312-38-6P 277312-39-7P 277312-40-0P  
 277312-41-1P 277312-42-2P 277312-43-3P  
 277312-44-4P 277312-45-5P 277312-46-6P  
 277312-47-7P 277312-48-8P 277312-49-9P  
 277312-50-2P 277312-51-3P 277312-52-4P  
 277312-53-5P 277312-54-6P 277312-57-9P  
 277312-59-1P 277312-60-4P 277312-61-5P  
 277312-62-6P 277312-74-0P 277312-75-1P  
 277312-76-2P 277312-77-3P 277312-78-4P  
 277312-79-5P 277312-80-8P 277312-81-9P  
 277312-82-0P 277312-83-1P 277312-84-2P  
 277312-85-3P 277312-86-4P 277312-87-5P  
 277312-88-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of 2-arylindole- or -benzimidazolecarboxamidines and analogs as

serine protease inhibitors)

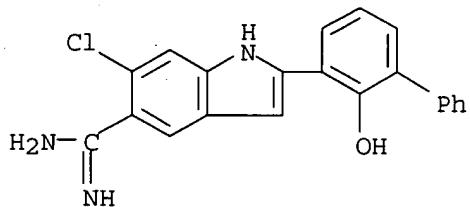
RN 277312-20-6 CAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetamide, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



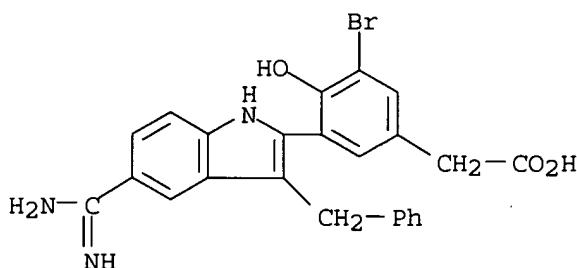
RN 277312-21-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



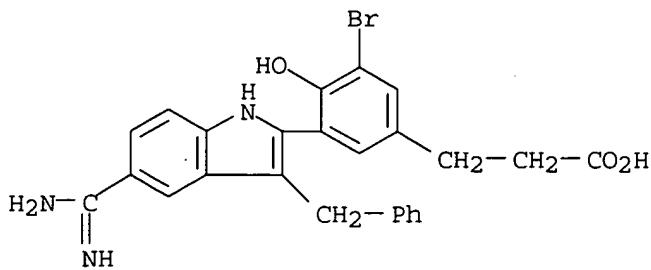
RN 277312-22-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



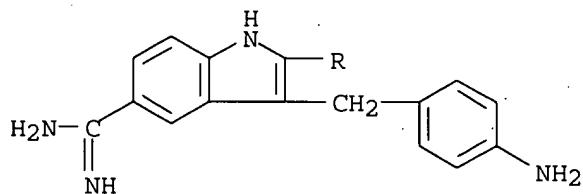
RN 277312-23-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



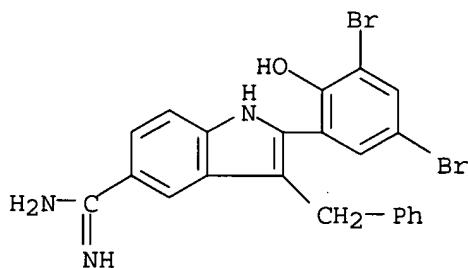
RN 277312-24-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 3-[(4-aminophenyl)methyl]-2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



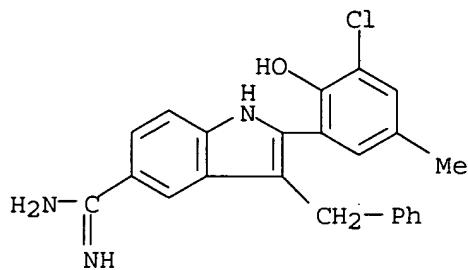
RN 277312-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

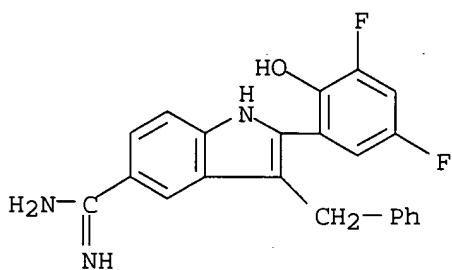


RN 277312-26-2 CAPLUS

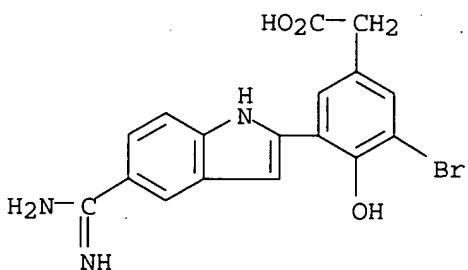
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-chloro-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



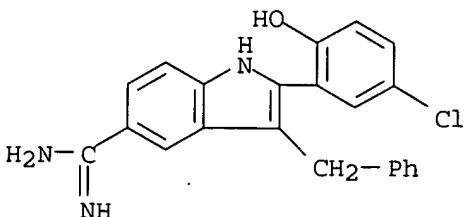
RN 277312-27-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



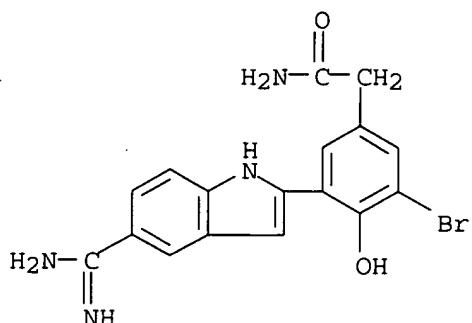
RN 277312-28-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



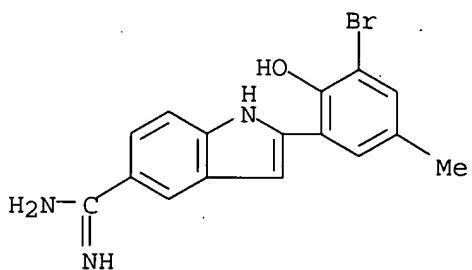
RN 277312-29-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



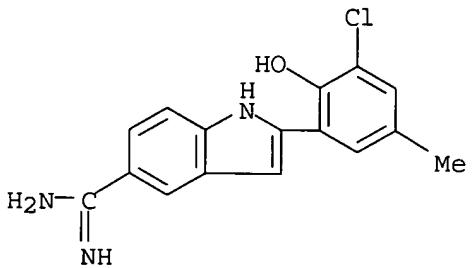
RN 277312-30-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 277312-31-9 CAPLUS

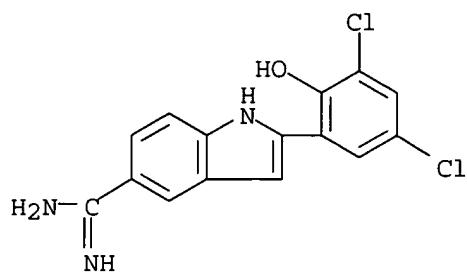
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 277312-32-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-chloro-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

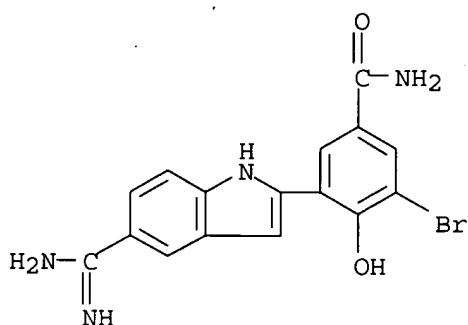
RN 277312-33-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



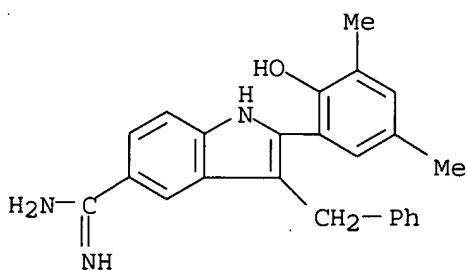
RN 277312-34-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



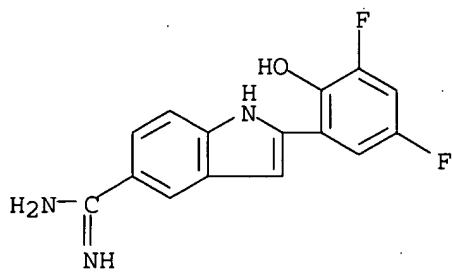
RN 277312-35-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

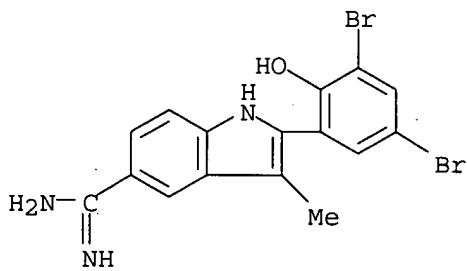


RN 277312-36-4 CAPLUS

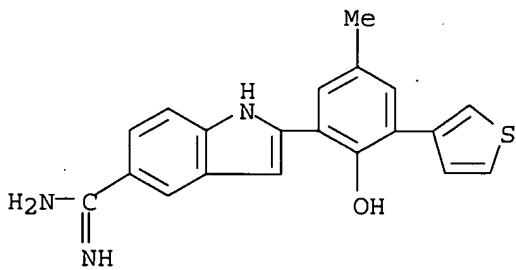
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



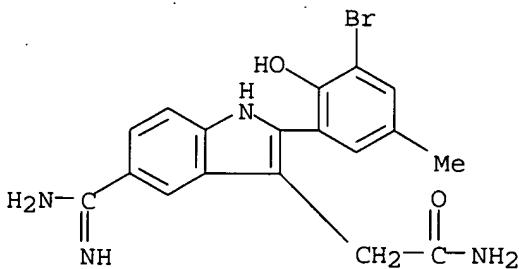
RN 277312-37-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



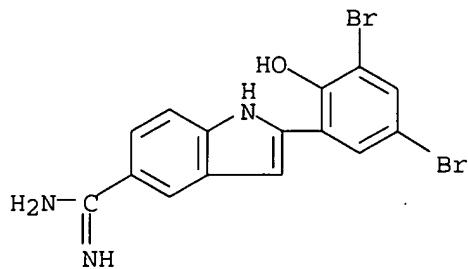
RN 277312-38-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[2-hydroxy-5-methyl-3-(3-thienyl)phenyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



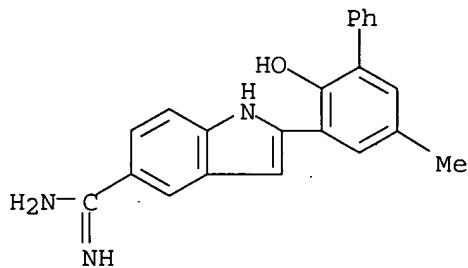
RN 277312-39-7 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-3-acetamide, 5-(aminoiminomethyl)-2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



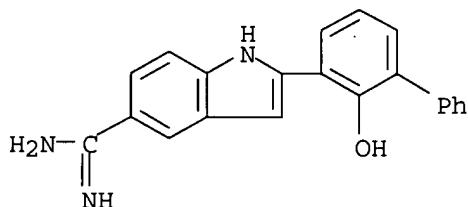
RN 277312-40-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



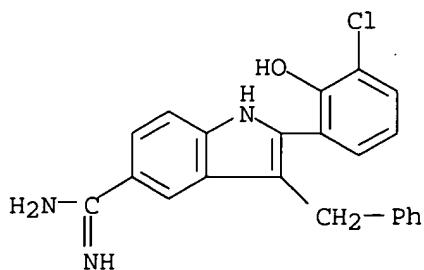
RN 277312-41-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



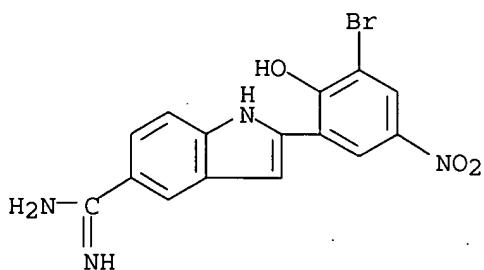
RN 277312-42-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



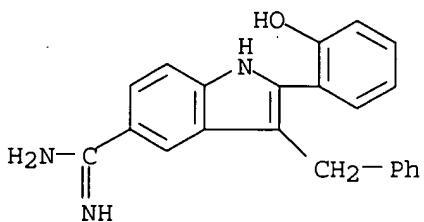
RN 277312-43-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



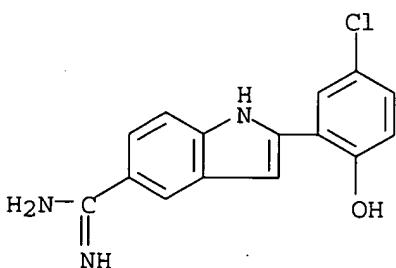
RN 277312-44-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 277312-45-5 CAPLUS

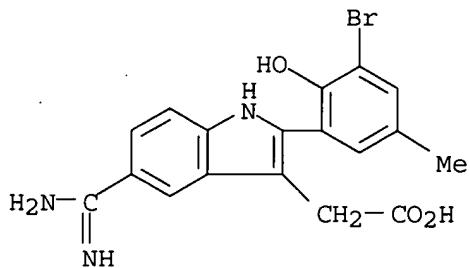
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 277312-46-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

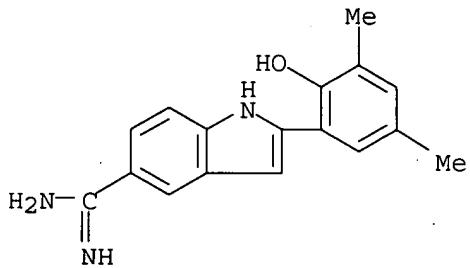
RN 277312-47-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-3-acetic acid, 5-(aminoiminomethyl)-2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



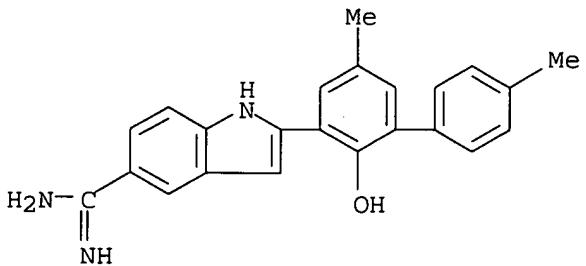
RN 277312-48-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



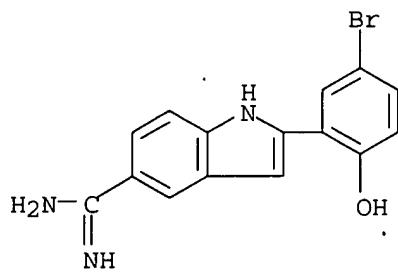
RN 277312-49-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-4',5-dimethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

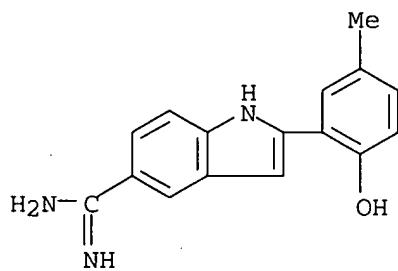


RN 277312-50-2 CAPLUS

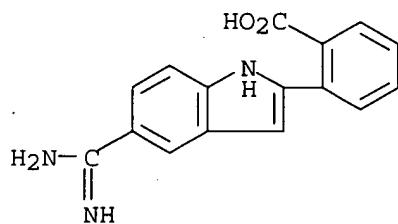
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(5-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



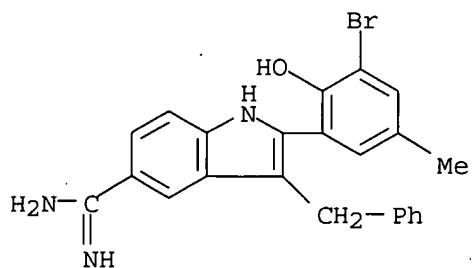
RN 277312-51-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



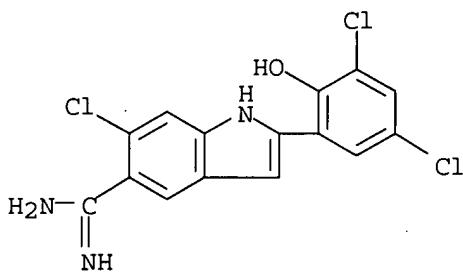
RN 277312-52-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



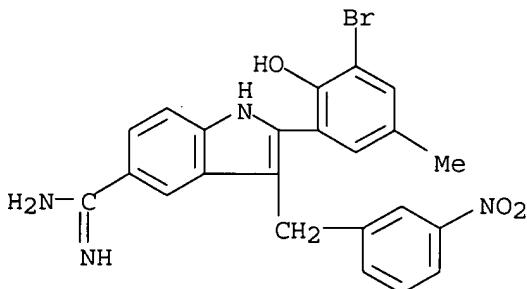
RN 277312-53-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



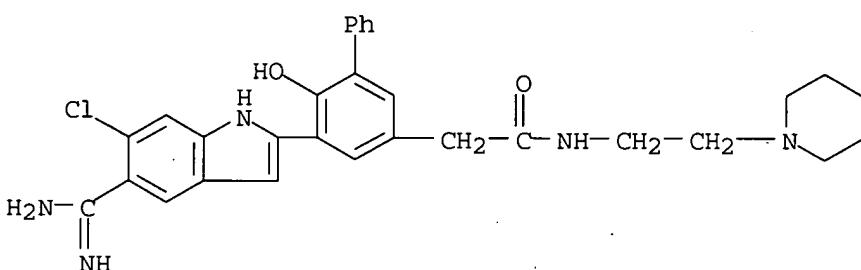
RN 277312-54-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



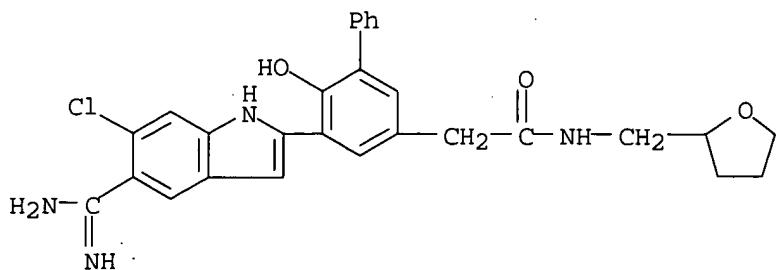
RN 277312-57-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(3-nitrophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277312-59-1 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetamide, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-N-[2-(1-piperidinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

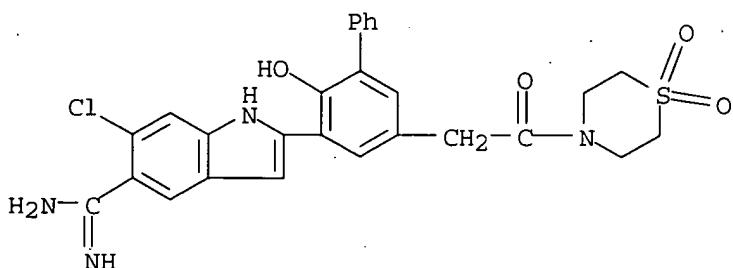


RN 277312-60-4 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetamide, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-N-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



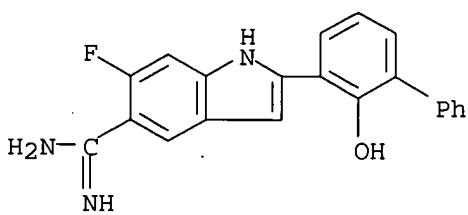
RN 277312-61-5 CAPLUS

CN Thiomorpholine, 4-[[5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



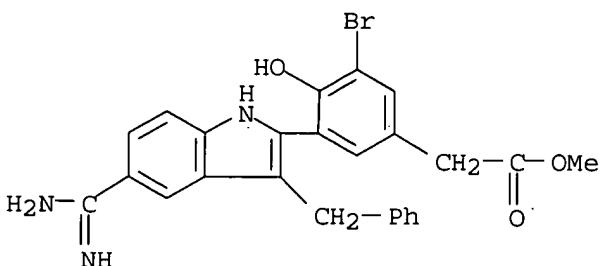
RN 277312-62-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-fluoro-2-(2-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



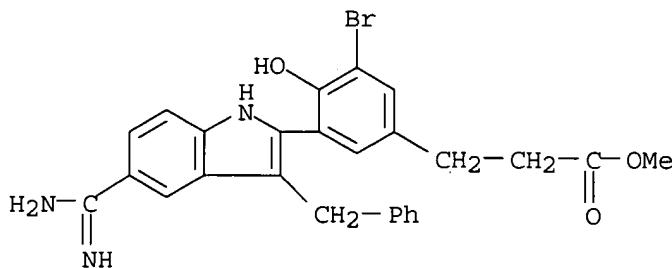
RN 277312-74-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



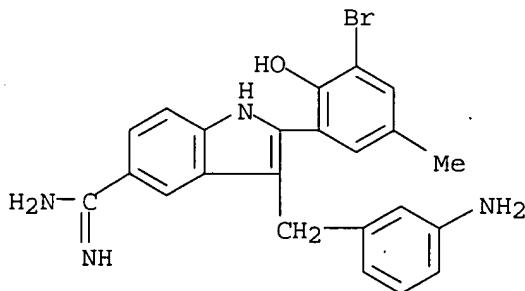
RN 277312-75-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



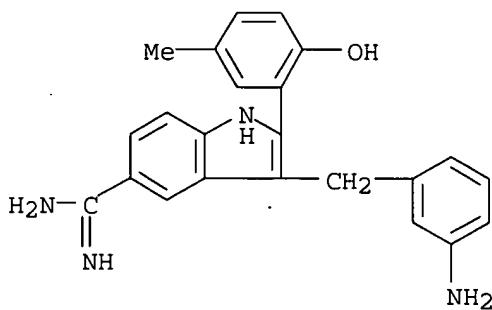
RN 277312-76-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 3-[(3-aminophenyl)methyl]-2-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



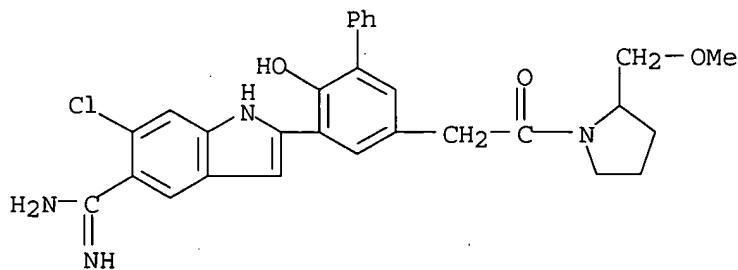
RN 277312-77-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 3-[(3-aminophenyl)methyl]-2-(2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

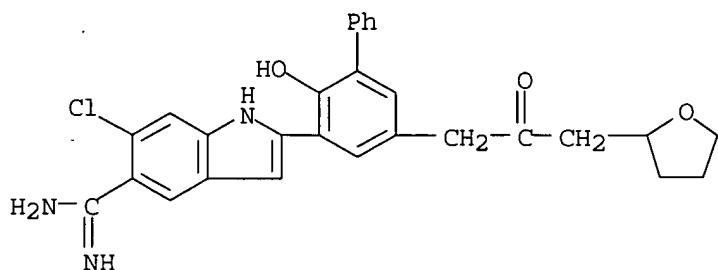


RN 277312-78-4 CAPLUS

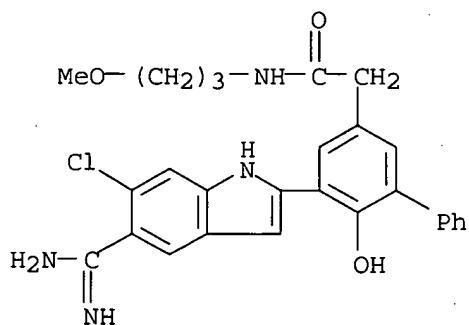
CN Pyrrolidine, 1-[[5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]acetyl]-2-(methoxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



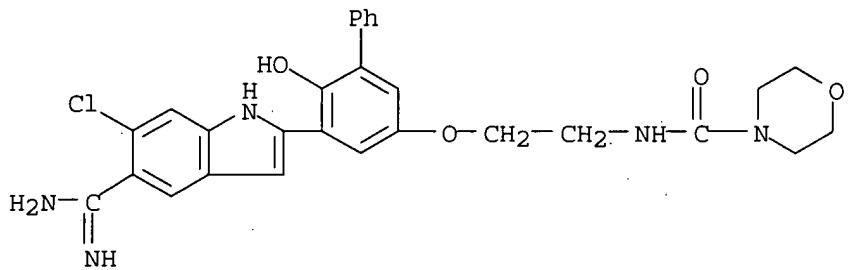
RN 277312-79-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 6-chloro-2-[2-hydroxy-5-[2-oxo-3-(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)propyl]-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277312-80-8 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetamide, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy-N-(3-methoxypropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

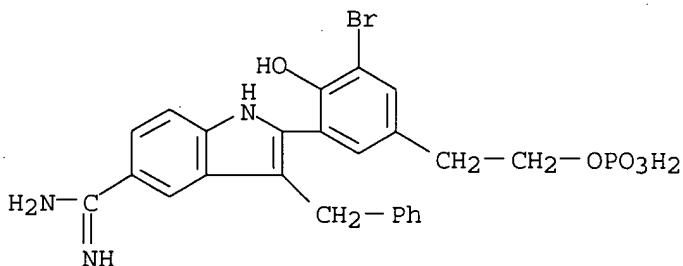


RN 277312-81-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 4-Morpholinecarboxamide, N-[2-[[5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl]oxy]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



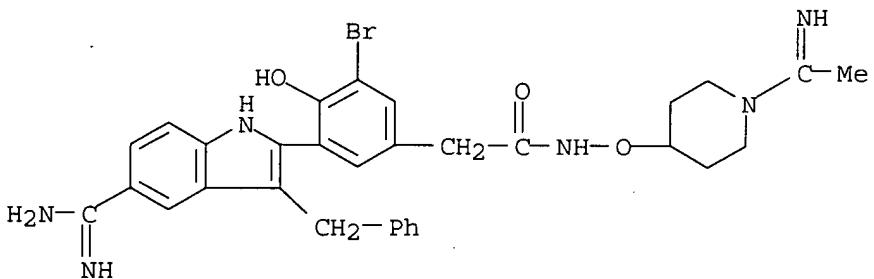
RN 277312-82-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-[3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-[2-(phosphonoxy)ethyl]phenyl]-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



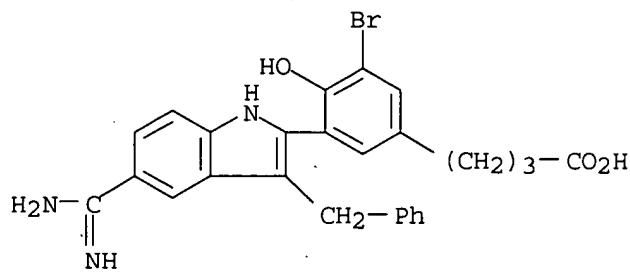
RN 277312-83-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-N-[(1-iminoethyl)-4-piperidinyl]oxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



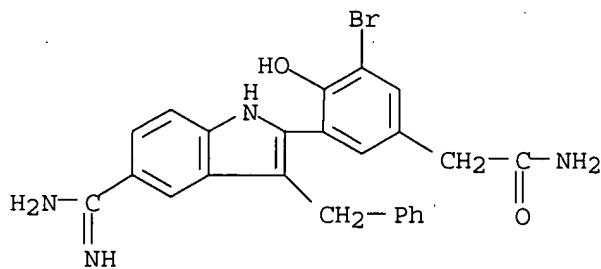
RN 277312-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



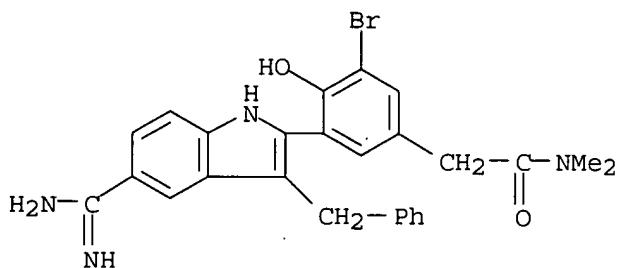
RN 277312-85-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



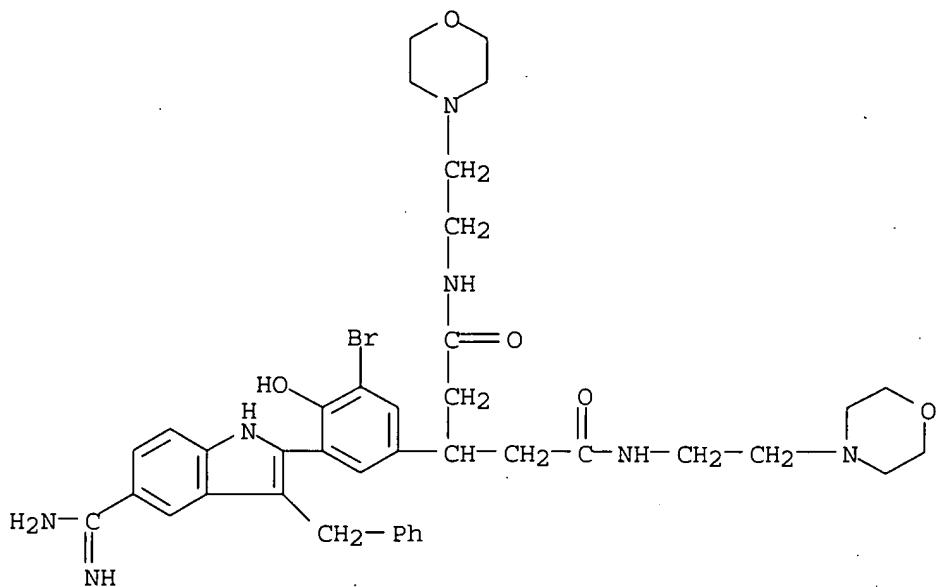
RN 277312-86-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



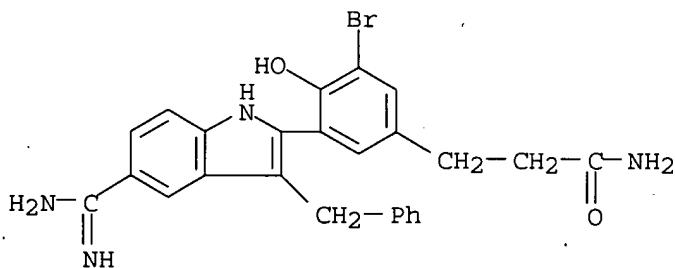
RN 277312-87-5 CAPLUS

CN Pentanediamide, 3-[3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxyphenyl]-N,N'-bis[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277312-88-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanamide, 3-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indol-2-yl]-5-bromo-4-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

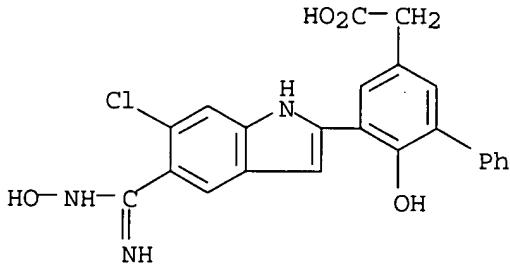


IT 277313-28-7P 277313-29-8P

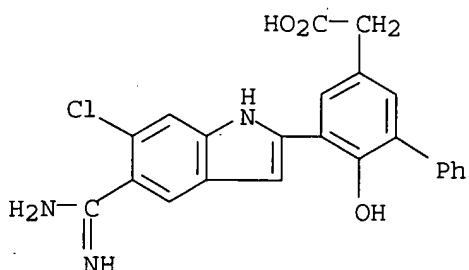
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of 2-arylindole- or -benzimidazolecarboxamidines and analogs as serine protease inhibitors)

RN 277313-28-7 CAPLUS

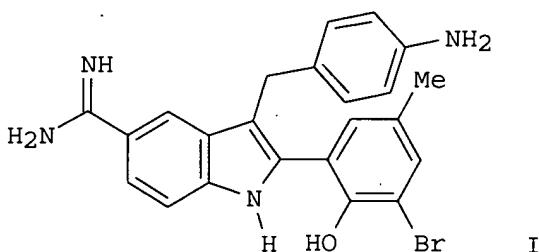
CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[6-chloro-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 277313-29-8 CAPLUS  
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-acetic acid, 5-[5-(aminoiminomethyl)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl]-6-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB R1Z1Z2R2 [I; R1 = H2NC(:NH), etc.; R2 = halo, OH, CO2H, phenyl(alkyl)oxy, etc.; Z1 = (un)substituted indolylene, -benzimidazolylene, etc.; Z2 = (un)substituted phenylene, pyridinediyl, etc.] were prep'd. Thus, 1-(3-bromo-2-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-1-propanone was condensed with 4-(H2NHN)C6H4C(:NH)NH2 and the product cyclized to give, after redn., title compd. II. Data for biol. activity of I were given.

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:68450 CAPLUS

DN 132:107953

TI Preparation of heterocyclic compounds as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone

IN Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Lin, Peter; Ponpipom, Mitree M.; Wyvratt, Matthew J.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Young, Jonathan

PA Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 138 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581	19990709
	W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR,				

TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,  
 ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,  
 CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 6200957 B1 20010313 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 US 1998-115497 19980714  
 US 1995-8633P P 19951214  
 US 1996-760816 A219961205  
 CA 2337407 AA 20000127 CA 1999-2337407 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 AU 9949816 A1 20000207 AU 1999-49816 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 EP 1095038 A1 20010502 EP 1999-933850 19990709  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002520409 T2 20020709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 JP 2000-560119 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1997:511777

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9721704	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19444	19961210
	W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA	2240108	AA	19970619	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
AU	9714106	A1	19970703	CA 1996-2240108 19961210	
AU	707641	B2	19990715	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
EP	873336	A1	19981028	WO 1996-US19444W 19961210	
EP	873336	B1	20020327	EP 1996-944249 19961210	
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
CN	1208412	A	19990217	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
JP	11506471	T2	19990608	WO 1996-US19444W 19961210 CN 1996-199872 19961210	
JP	2001106685	A2	20010417	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
				JP 1996-522124 19961210	
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
				GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
				WO 1996-US19444W 19961210	
				JP 2000-257791 19961210	

JP 3230818	B2	20011119	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 JP 1997-522124 A319961210 JP 1997-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216		
AT 215081	E	20020415	AT 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210		
ES 2174129	T3	20021101	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216		
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214		
NO 9802729	A	19980813	NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210		
FAN 1998:479019					
PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----		-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816	19961205
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
FAN 2001:178434				US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----		-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
	JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	US 1996-760816 A219961205	
	ZA 9610536	A	19970814	US 1996-760816	19961205
	CA 2337407	AA	20000127	JP 2000-257791	19961210
	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
				GB 1996-3242 A 19960216	
				JP 1997-522124 A319961210	
				ZA 1996-10536 19961213	
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
				CA 1999-2337407 19990709	
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714	
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709	
				WO 1999-US15581 19990709	
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714	
	AU 9949816	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49816 19990709	
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714	
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709	
	EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850 19990709	
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714	
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				

JP 2002520409 T2 20020709

WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 JP 2000-560119 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

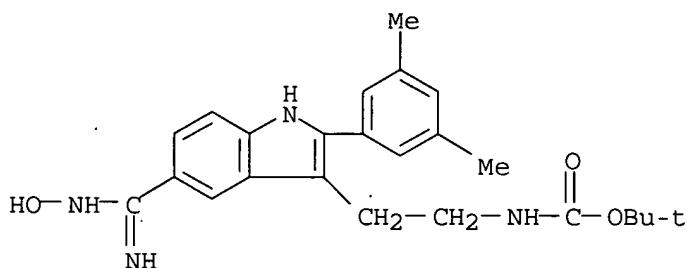
OS MARPAT 132:107953

IT 192644-10-3P

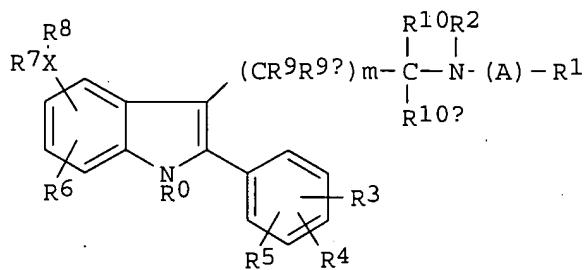
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of heterocyclic compds. as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone)

RN 192644-10-3 CAPLUS

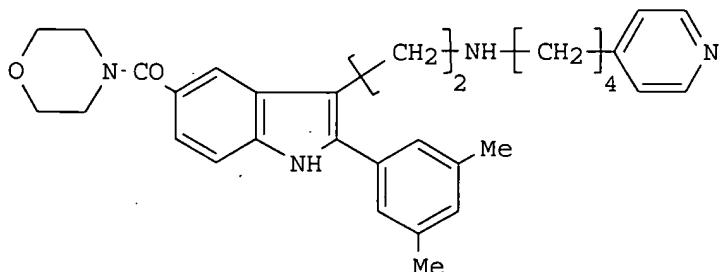
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



I



II

AB The title compds. of formula I [A = (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-7 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-6 alkenyl, (un)substituted C3-6 alkynyl, etc; R0 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R1 = generic heteroarom. rings with proviso given; R2 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, etc; R2, A = combined form 5-7 atom ring; R3, R4, R5 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C2-6 alkenyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, C1-3 perfluoroalkyl, etc; R3, R4 = combined form ring of 3-7 carbon atoms or a heterocyclic ring contg. 1-3 heteroatoms; R6, R7 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R8 = C(O)OR<sub>20</sub>, C(O)NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, etc with proviso given; R7, R8 = combined form heterocyclic ring; R9, R9a = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R9, R9a = combined form carbocyclic ring of 3-7 atoms; R10, R10a = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, etc; R10, R10a = combined form carbocyclic ring of 3-7 atoms, double bond oxygen] useful as gonadotropin releasing hormone antagonists (no data), are prep'd. For example, the title compd. II was prep'd.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 1997:511777 CAPLUS  
DN 127:121742  
TI Preparation of heterocyclic compounds as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone  
IN Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Lin, Peter; Wyvratt, Matthew J.  
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Lin, Peter; Wyvratt, Matthew J.  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 117 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9721704	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19444	19961210
			W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
			RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
CA 2240108	AA	19970619	US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
AU 9714106	A1	19970703	CA 1996-2240108	19961210
AU 707641	B2	19990715	US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
EP 873336	A1	19981028	AU 1997-14106	19961210
EP 873336	B1	20020327	US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
			GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
			WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
			EP 1996-944249	19961210
			R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI	
			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214

CN 1208412	A	19990217	GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210 CN 1996-199872 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
JP 11506471	T2	19990608	JP 1996-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
JP 3230818	B2	20011119	JP 1997-522124 A319961210 JP 1997-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
AT 215081	E	20020415	AT 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
ES 2174129	T3	20021101	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214
NO 9802729	A	19980813	NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210

## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1998:479019

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816	19961205
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				US 1996-760816	A219961205

FAN 2000:68450

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581	19990709
	W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR,			BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				US 1998-115497	19980714
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				US 1996-760816	A219961205
	CA 2337407	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337407	19990709
				US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
	AU 9949816	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49816	19990709
				US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W	19990709

EP 1095038 A1 20010502 EP 1999-933850 19990709  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 JP 2000-560119 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

FAN 2001:178434

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497 19980714
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214
				US 1996-760816 A219961205
	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816 19961205
	JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791 19961210
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
				JP 1997-522124 A319961210
	ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214
	CA 2337407	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337407 19990709
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581 19990709
				W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
				RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714

AU 9949816 A1 20000207 AU 1999-49816 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

EP 1095038 A1 20010502 EP 1999-933850 19990709  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE,  
 SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709  
 JP 2000-560119 19990709  
 US 1998-115497 A 19980714  
 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

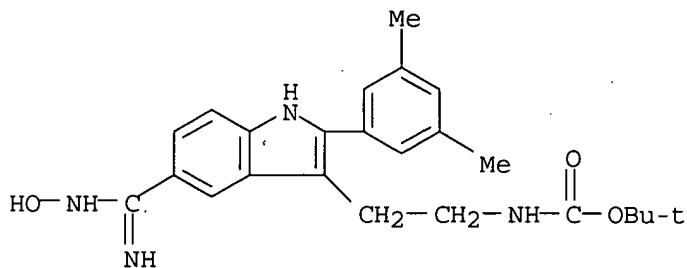
OS MARPAT 127:121742

IT 192644-10-3P

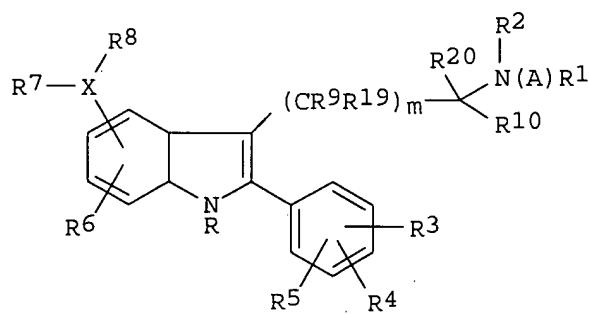
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of heterocyclic compds. as antagonists of gonadotropin  
 releasing hormone)

RN 192644-10-3 CAPLUS

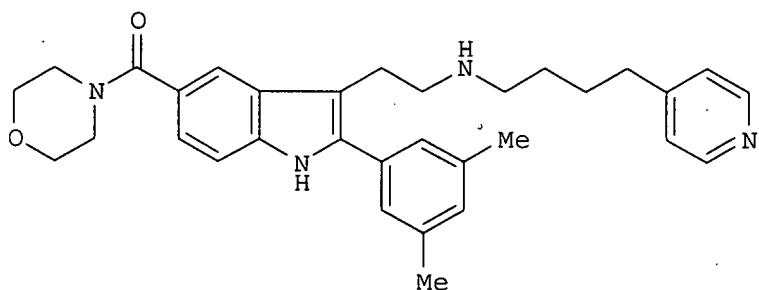
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



I



II

AB The title compds. I [A = alkyl, etc.; R = H, alkyl, etc.; R1 = heterocyclic ring (generic structures given); R2 = H, alkyl, etc.; or R2A = ring; R3, R4, R5 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; or R3R4 = ring; R6 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; unless X is hydrogen or halo, then R7 is absent; R8 = heterocyclic ring, etc.; or R7R8 = heterocyclic ring; R9, R19 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; further details on R9R19 and R9A are given; R20, R10 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; further details on R20R10, and R9R20, R9R2, R20R2, R20A are given; m = 0 to 3; X = N, etc.], useful as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone (no data), are prep'd. I may be useful for the treatment of a variety of sex-hormone related and other conditions in both men and women. The title compd. II was prep'd. in a multistep process.

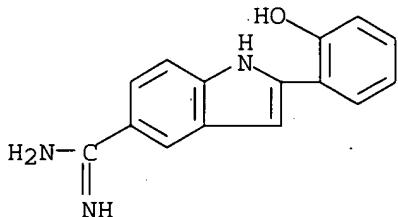
L4 ANSWER 18 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1996:398902 CAPLUS

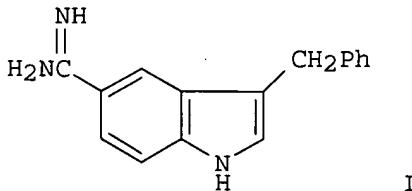
DN 125:131628

TI Derivatives of 5-amidine indole as inhibitors of thrombin catalytic

activity  
AU Iwanowicz, Edwin J.; Lau, Wan F.; Lin, James; Roberts, Daniel G. M.; Seiler, Steven M.  
CS Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharmaceutical Res. Inst., Princeton, NJ, 08543-4000, USA  
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1996), 6(12), 1339-1344  
CODEN: BMCL8; ISSN: 0960-894X  
PB Elsevier  
DT Journal  
LA English  
IT 179748-10-8P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of derivs. of 5-amidine indole as inhibitors of thrombin catalytic activity and structure-activity relations)  
RN 179748-10-8 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



I

AB Substituted 5-amidine indoles were constructed based upon a computational anal. of putative modes of binding to thrombin utilizing coordinates from the crystal structure of BMS-183,507-.alpha.-thrombin complex. These analogs display competitive kinetics for the inhibition of human .alpha.-thrombin. Structure-activity relations are discussed. The most potent member of this series I, shows marked potency for thrombin with an inhibition const., Ki of 260 nM.

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 1985:346 CAPLUS  
DN 102:346  
TI Hypotensive effect of aromatic amidines and imidazolines  
AU Bielenberg, G. W.; Kriegstein, J.  
CS Inst. Pharmakol. Toxikol., Philipps-Univ., Marburg/Lahn, 3550, Fed. Rep.

Ger.

SO Arzneimittel-Forschung (1984), 34(9), 958-67  
CODEN: ARZNAD; ISSN: 0004-4172DT Journal  
LA German

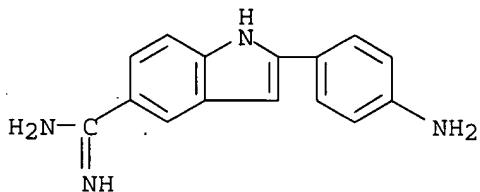
IT 93490-78-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

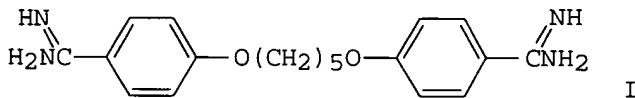
(antihypertensive activity of)

RN 93490-78-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-5-carboximidamide, 2-(4-aminophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Of 16 arom. amidines or imidazolines tested for hypotensive activity in exptl. animals, all substances, except for 5-amidino-2-phenylindole (271/179) [93490-77-8], caused a dose-dependent hypotensive effect. Pentamidine (I) [100-33-4] was one of the most effective hypotensives. The biscationic character of a compd. was a prerequisite for strong antihypertensive activity. The antihypertensive activity of the most active compds. appeared to have a peripheral origin and did not appear to be mediated via parasympathomimetic or histaminic mechanisms. Cardiovascular effects of these compds. are also given. The antihypertensive activity of these compds. is discussed in terms of a musculotropic action on vascular smooth muscle.

=&gt; d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:03:41 ON 13 JUN 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:57 ON 13 JUN 2003

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2 6 S L1  
L3 119 S L1 SSS FULLFILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:05:23 ON 13 JUN 2003  
L4 19 S L3

=> d cost

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

CONNECT CHARGES  
NETWORK CHARGES  
SEARCH CHARGES  
DISPLAY CHARGES

SINCE FILE  
ENTRY

TOTAL  
SESSION

1.36 2.19

0.24 0.42

0.00 147.75

110.83 110.83

-----

-----

CAPLUS FEE (5%)

112.43 261.19

5.61 5.61

-----

FULL ESTIMATED COST

118.04 266.80

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE  
ENTRY

TOTAL  
SESSION

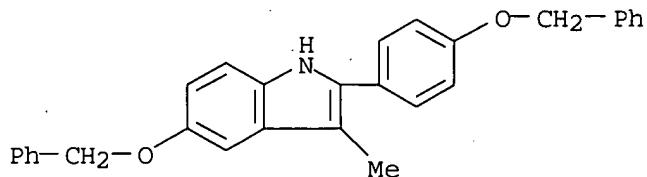
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-12.37 -12.37

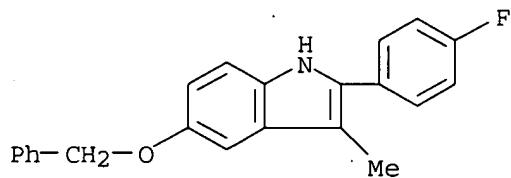
IN FILE 'CPLUS' AT 12:07:39 ON 13 JUN 2003

study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of N-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as estrogenic agents)

RN 198479-63-9 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT 198479-64-0P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of N-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as estrogenic agents)  
RN 198479-64-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The title compds. [I or II; R1 = H, OH, C14 esters or alkyl ethers, halo; R2-R6 = H, OH, halo, etc. (with the proviso that, when R1 is H, R2 is not OH); n = 2-3; X = H, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, etc.; Z = CH:CHC(O)Y, C.tplbond.C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Y; Y = NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub> (wherein R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> = H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, Ph; R<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>; p = 2-6), a (un)satd. 5-7 membered heterocycle, a bicyclic ring system], useful as estrogenic agents for treating or preventing bone loss, disease states or syndromes which are caused or assocd. with an estrogen deficiency, and cardiovascular disease, were prep'd. by reacting the indole III with an acrylamide H<sub>2</sub>C:CHC(O)Y or by reacting the indole IV with HC.tplbond.C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Y. Thus, compd. (E)-I [R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> = OH; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub> = H; X = Me; Z = CH:CHC(O)NHtBu] showed RBA (17.β-estradiol = 100) of 40.

L10 ANSWER 28 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
AN 1997:701837 CAPLUS  
DN 127:358782

TI Preparation of 2-phenyl-1-[4-(2-aminoethoxy)benzyl]indoles as  
estrogenic agents

IN Miller, Chris P.; Tran, Bach D.; Collini, Michael D.

PA American Home Products Corporation, USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 85 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

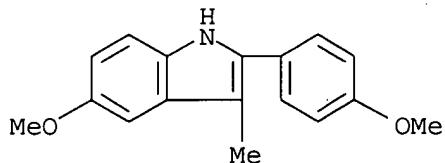
DT Patent

LA English

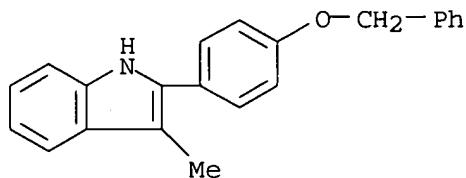
FAN: CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 802183	A1	19971022	EP 1997-302576	19970415
	EP 802183	B1	20011010		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	US 5998402	A	19991207	US 1997-833271	19970404
	SK 281737	B6	20010710	SK 1997-472	19970415
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	AT 206701	E	20011015	AT 1997-302576	19970415
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	ES 2162198	T3	20011216	ES 1997-302576	19970415
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	TW 381093	B	20000201	TW 1997-86104919	19970416
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
	AU 9718920	A1	19971023	AU 1997-18920	19970417
	AU 710149	B2	19990916		
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	ZA 9703302	A	19981019	ZA 1997-3302	19970417
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
	CA 2203079	AA	19971019	CA 1997-2203079	19970418
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
	NO 9701815	A	19971020	NO 1997-1815	19970418
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	CN 1170719	A	19980121	CN 1997-113496	19970418
	CN 1106383	B	20030423		
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	JP 10036346	A2	19980210	JP 1997-101563	19970418
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	CA 2203078	AA	19981004	CA 1997-2203078	19970418
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	BR 9701895	A	19981110	BR 1997-1895	19970422
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
	HK 1002863	A1	20020215	HK 1998-101958	19980310
				US 1996-633974 A	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A	19970404
	US 6127404	A	20001003	US 1999-388580	19990902
				US 1996-15553P P	19960419
				US 1997-833271 A3	19970404
	US 6326367	B1	20011204	US 1999-388581	19990902

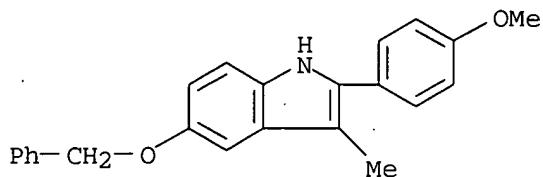
US 6225308	B1	20010501	US 1996-15553P P 19960419 US 1997-833271 A319970404 US 1999-416318 19991012 US 1996-15553P P 19960419 US 1997-833271 A319970404
US 6232307	B1	20010515	US 1999-416078 19991012 US 1996-15553P P 19960419 US 1997-833271 A319970404
US 2001021719	A1	20010913	US 2001-779048 20010208
US 6291451	B1	20010918	US 1996-15553P P 19960419 US 1997-833271 A319970404 US 1999-416318 A119991012
OS	MARPAT 127:358782		
IT	<b>91444-18-7P 198479-60-6P 198479-61-7P</b> <b>198479-62-8P 198479-63-9P 198479-64-0P</b> <b>198479-65-1P 198479-66-2P 198479-67-3P</b> <b>198479-68-4P 198479-69-5P 198479-70-8P</b> <b>198479-71-9P 198479-72-0P 198479-73-1P</b> <b>198479-74-2P 198479-75-3P 198479-76-4P</b> <b>198480-99-8P 198481-07-1P 198481-12-8P</b> <b>198481-34-4P</b>		
	RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)		
	(prep. of 2-phenyl-1-[4-(2-aminoethoxy)benzyl]indoles as estrogenic agents)		
RN	91444-18-7 CAPPLUS		
CN	1H-Indole, 5-methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)		



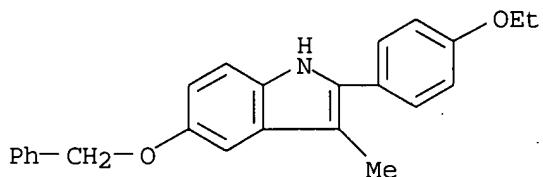
RN 198479-60-6 CAPPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



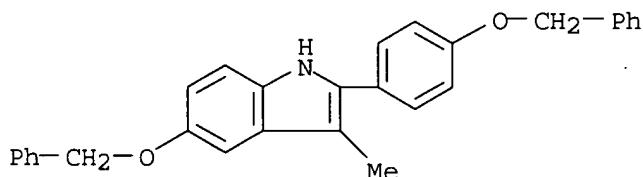
RN 198479-61-7 CAPPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



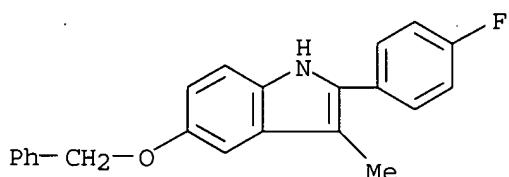
RN 198479-62-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



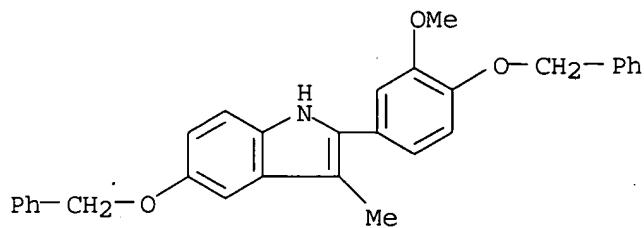
RN 198479-63-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



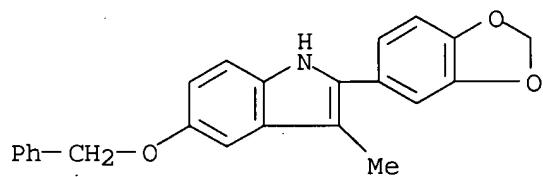
RN 198479-64-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



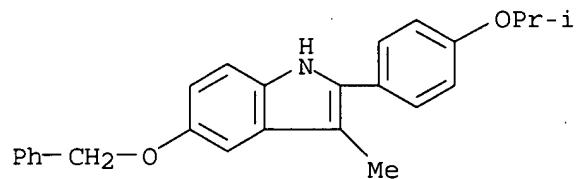
RN 198479-65-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole; 2-[3-methoxy-4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



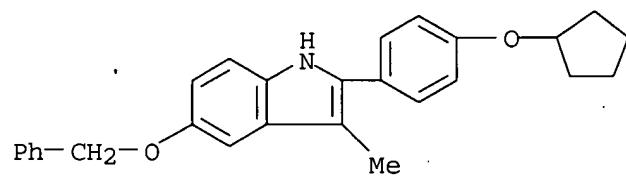
RN 198479-66-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



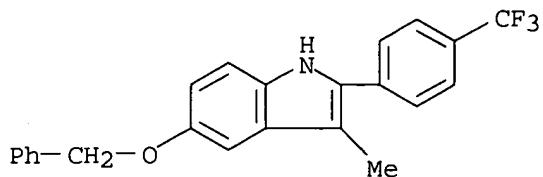
RN 198479-67-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-2-[4-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



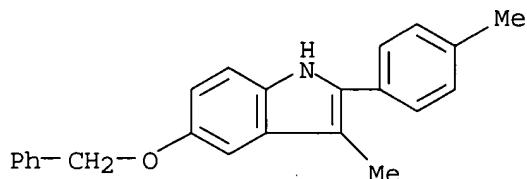
RN 198479-68-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-[4-(cyclopentyloxy)phenyl]-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



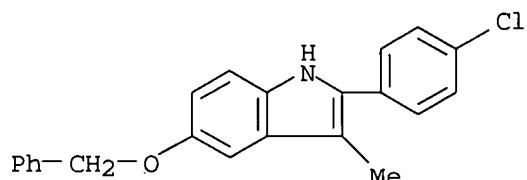
RN 198479-69-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



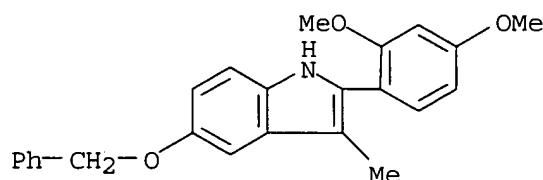
RN 198479-70-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



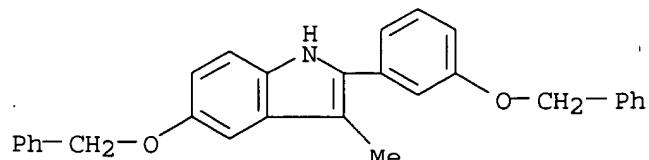
RN 198479-71-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

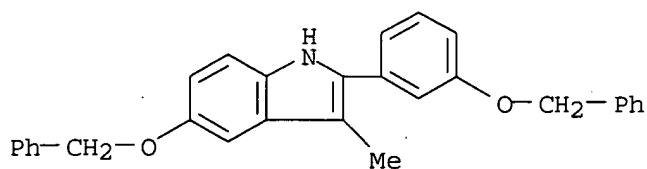


RN 198479-72-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



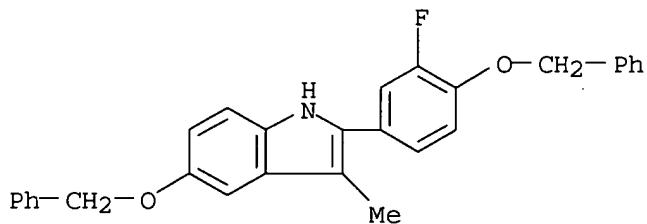
RN 198479-73-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





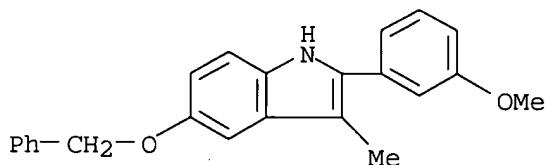
RN 198479-74-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 2-[3-fluoro-4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



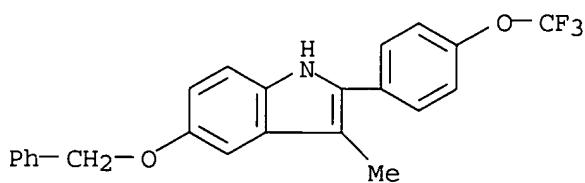
RN 198479-75-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



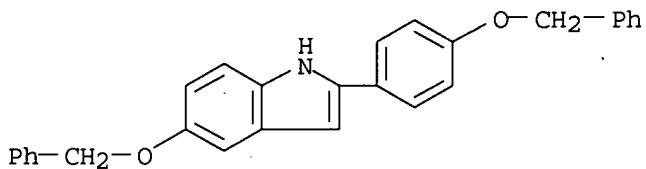
RN 198479-76-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

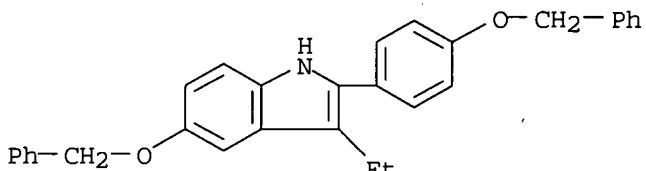


RN 198480-99-8 CAPLUS

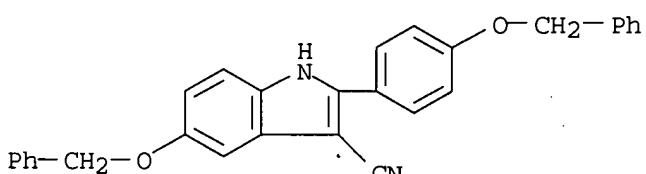
CN 1H-Indole, 5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



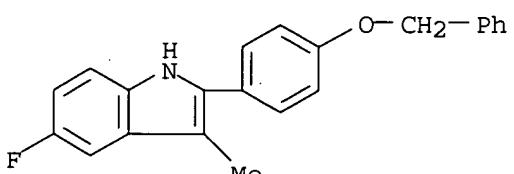
RN 198481-07-1 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 3-ethyl-5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 198481-12-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-3-carbonitrile, 5-(phenylmethoxy)-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 198481-34-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 5-fluoro-3-methyl-2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



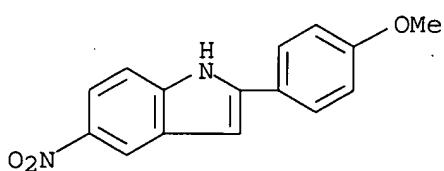
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

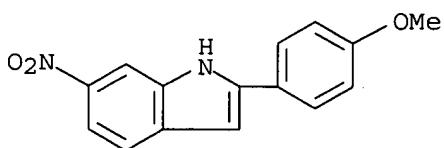
AB The title compds. [I or II; R1 = H, OH, C1-12 ester, etc.; R2-R6 = H, OH, C1-6 alkyl, etc.; X = H, C1-6 alkyl, CN, etc.; n = 2-3; Y = NR7R8 (wherein R7, R8 = H, C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted Ph; R7R8 = (CH2)p; p = 2-6), 5-7 membered (un)satd. heterocycle, C6-12 bicyclic

AB Title compds. [I; ABCD = CH:CHCH:CH, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, N:CHCH:N, SCH:N, N>NNH, etc.; R<sub>1</sub> = SO<sub>2</sub>Me, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOF<sub>3</sub>, POMENH<sub>2</sub>, SONHNH<sub>2</sub>, etc.; R<sub>2</sub> = H, halo, alkoxy, alkylthio, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, N<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, alkoxy carbonyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, (substituted) Ph, naphthyl, mono- or disubstituted heteroaryl, etc.; R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> = H, CF<sub>3</sub>, cyano, alkyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, etc.], were prepd. Thus, 2-phenoxy-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)ethanone (prepn. given) was heated 2 h in polyphosphoric acid at 70.degree. to give 3-(4-methylthiophenyl)benzo[b]furan. This was refluxed with NBS and benzoyl peroxide in CCl<sub>4</sub> under a spotlight to give 2-bromo-3-(4-methylthiophenyl)benzo[b]furan. The latter was treated with phenylboric acid, Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, and NaOH in PhMe/EtOH at reflux for 20 h to give 3-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-phenylbenzo[b]furan, which was oxidized to title compd. (II) using monoperoxyphthalic acid in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH. II at 100 nM inhibited cyclooxygenase-2 and -1 by 94% and 0%, resp.

L10 ANSWER 32 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1996:331929 CAPLUS  
 DN 125:114547  
 TI Structure-activity relationships of benzimidazoles and related heterocycles as topoisomerase I poisons  
 AU Kim, Jung Sun; Sun, Qun; Gatto, Barbara; Yu, Chiang; Liu, Angela; Liu, Leroy F.; LaVoie, Edmond J.  
 CS Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, NJ, 08855, USA  
 SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 4(4), 621-630  
 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896  
 PB Elsevier  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT 178970-27-9P 178970-28-0P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of (methoxyphenyl)benzimidazoles and analogs as topoisomerase inhibitors)  
 RN 178970-27-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 178970-28-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A series of substituted 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzimidazoles were synthesized and evaluated as inhibitors of topoisomerase I. The presence of a 5-formyl-, 5-(aminocarbonyl)-, or 5-nitro group (i.e., substituents capable of acting as hydrogen bond acceptors) correlated with the potential of select derivs. to inhibit topoisomerase I. In contrast to bi- and terbenzimidazoles, the substituted benzimidazoles that were active as topoisomerase I poisons exhibited min. or no DNA binding affinity. 5-Nitro-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzimidazole exhibited the highest activity and was significantly more active than the 4-nitro positional isomer. The 5- and 6-nitro derivs. of 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)benzoxazole, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)benzothiazole, and 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)indole were synthesized and their relative activity as topoisomerase I inhibitors detd. None of these heterocyclic analogs were effective in significantly inhibiting cleavable-complex formation in the presence of DNA and topoisomerase I, suggesting a high degree of structural specificity assocd. with the interaction of these substituted benzimidazoles with the enzyme or the enzyme-DNA complex. In evaluating their cytotoxicity, these new topoisomerase I poisons also exhibited no significant cross-resistance against cell lines that express camptothecin-resistant topoisomerase I.

L10 ANSWER 33 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1996:327557 CAPLUS

DN 125:58819

TI Low-valent titanium induced **indole** formation: syntheses of secofascaplysin, indolopyridocoline and an endothelin-receptor-antagonist

AU Fuerstner, Alois; Ernst, Andreas; Krause, Helga; Ptock, Arne

CS Max-Planck-Inst. Kohlenforschung, Muelheim/Ruhr, D-45470, Germany

SO Tetrahedron (1996), 52(21), 7329-7344

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 125:58819

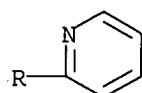
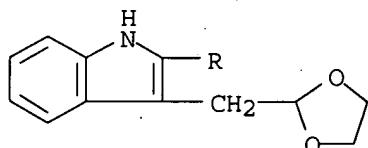
IT **178210-63-4P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

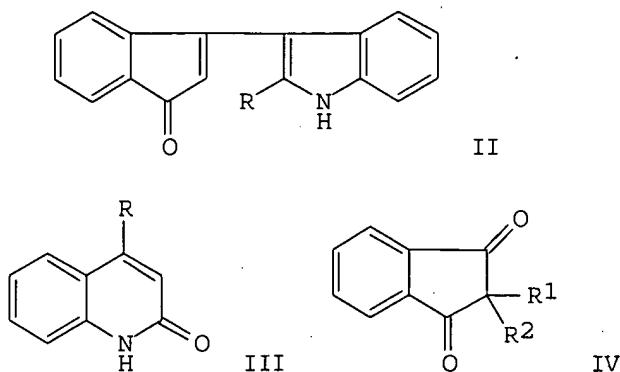
(low-valent titanium induced **indole** formation in the syntheses of secofascaplysin, indolopyridocoline and an endothelin receptor antagonist)

RN 178210-63-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **178210-65-6P 178210-66-7P 178210-67-8P**



AB Treating indan-1,3-dione (I) with **indole**, 2-phenylindole, antipyrine, 4-aminoantipyrine and 3-amino-1-phenylpyrazol-2-in-5-one gave addn. at C-1; thus, treating I with **indole** gave 82% II (R = H), whose Schmidt reaction gave carbostyrene III. Alkylation of I with gramine methosulfate and skatyl bromide occurred at C-2 to give IV (R1 = R2 = 3-indolylmethyl; R1 = H, R2 = 3-indolylmethy), resp. Condensing I with 3-formylindole gave IV (R1R2 = 3-indolmethylene), whose treatment with Me2NH gave IV (R1 = H, R2 =  $\alpha$ -dimethylamino-3-indolylmethyl).

L10 ANSWER 43 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1992:426337 CAPLUS

DN 117:26337

TI Preparation and formulation of 2-phenylindole derivatives as lipoxygenase inhibitors

IN Hasegawa, Yukio; Suzuki, Yasushi; Sato, Michitaka; Yamamoto, Norio; Hasumi, Kohichi; Shitara, Kazuhiro; Miyasaka, Katsuhiko; Mikami, Takashi; Miyazawa, Katsuhiko; et al.

PA Teikoku Hormone Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

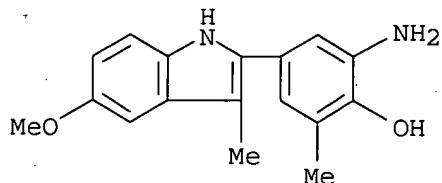
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9202500	A1	19920220	WO 1991-JP1000	19910725
	W: AU, CA, JP, KR, US			JP 1990-201142	19900731
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE			JP 1990-233094	19900905
AU 9182259		A1	19920302	AU 1991-82259	19910725
				JP 1990-201142	19900731
				JP 1990-233094	19900905
JP 2988723		B2	19991213	WO 1991-JP1000	19910725
				JP 1991-512380	19910725
				JP 1990-201142	19900731
				JP 1990-233094	19900905
				WO 1991-JP1000	19910725

OS MARPAT 117:26337

IT 141771-84-8P 141771-85-9P

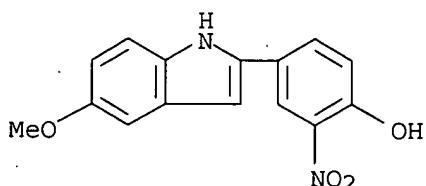
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of antiallergic agent)  
 RN 141771-84-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 2-amino-4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-6-methyl-,  
 monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

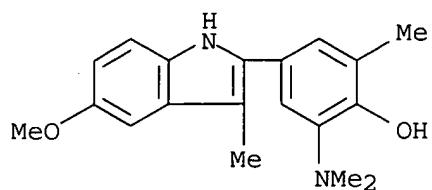
RN 141771-85-9 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 4-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 141771-95-1P 141771-96-2P 141771-97-3P  
 141771-98-4P 141772-00-1P 141772-01-2P  
 141772-02-3P 141772-03-4P 141772-05-6P  
 141772-06-7P 141772-07-8P 141772-08-9P  
 141772-09-0P 141772-11-4P 141772-12-5P  
 141772-13-6P 141772-14-7P 141772-15-8P  
 141772-16-9P 141772-17-0P 141772-18-1P  
 141772-19-2P 141772-20-5P 141772-21-6P  
 141772-22-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of, as lipoxygenase inhibitor)

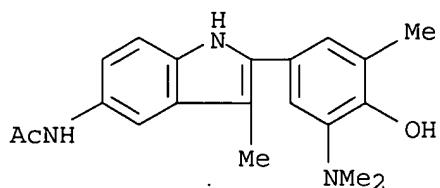
RN 141771-95-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-6-methyl-,  
 monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141771-96-2 CAPLUS

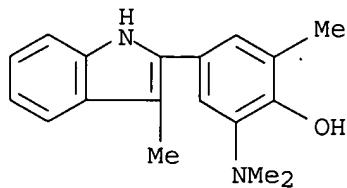
CN Acetamide, N-[2-[3-(dimethylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141771-97-3 CAPLUS

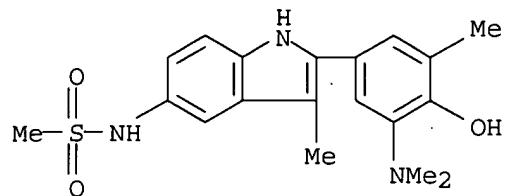
CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-6-methyl-4-(3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 2 HCl

RN 141771-98-4 CAPLUS

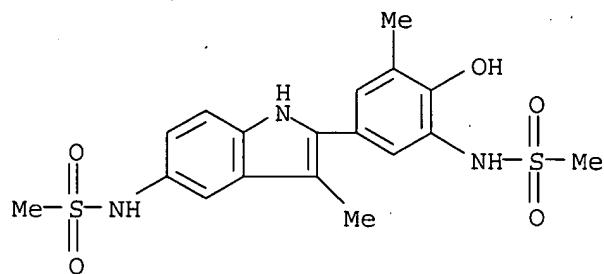
CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-[3-(dimethylamino)-4-hydroxy-5-methylphenyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

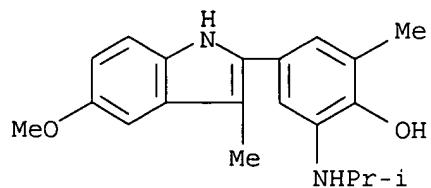
RN 141772-00-1 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-hydroxy-3-methyl-5-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-1H-indol-2-yl]phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141772-01-2 CAPLUS

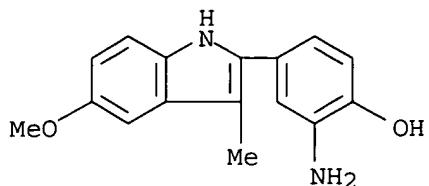
CN Phenol, 4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-methyl-6-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-02-3 CAPLUS

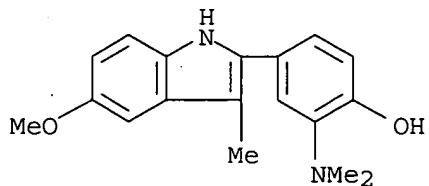
CN Phenol, 2-amino-4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-03-4 CAPLUS

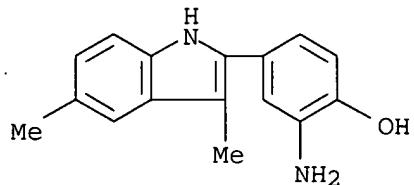
CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-05-6 CAPLUS

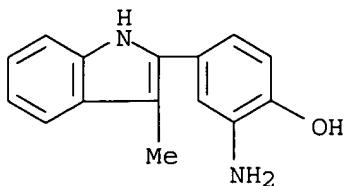
CN Phenol, 2-amino-4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-06-7 CAPLUS

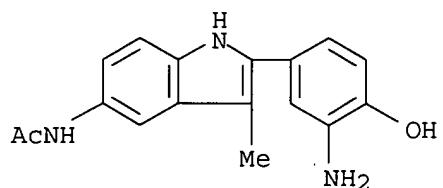
CN Phenol, 2-amino-4-(3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-07-8 CAPLUS

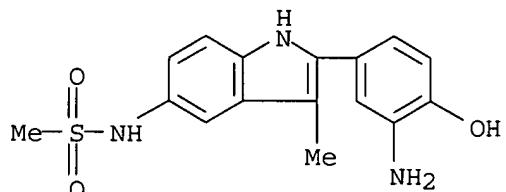
CN Acetamide, N-[2-(3-amino-4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

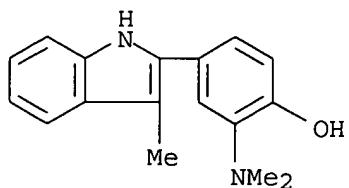
RN 141772-08-9 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-(3-amino-4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141772-09-0 CAPLUS

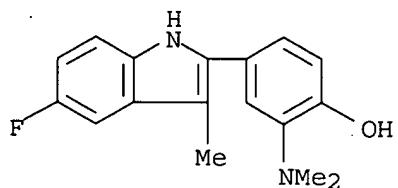
CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-11-4 CAPLUS

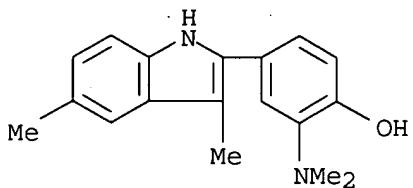
CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(5-fluoro-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-12-5 CAPLUS

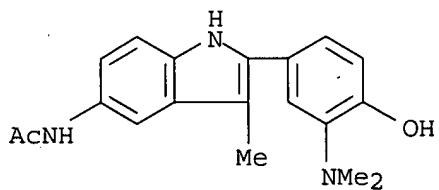
CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

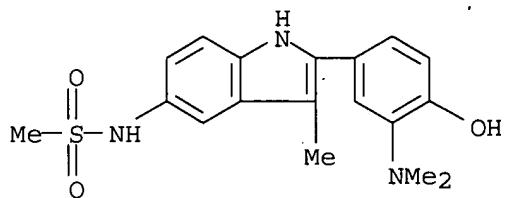
RN 141772-13-6 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[2-[3-(dimethylamino)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141772-14-7 CAPLUS

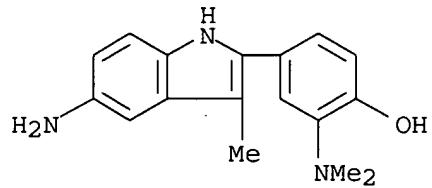
CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[2-[3-(dimethylamino)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-15-8 CAPLUS

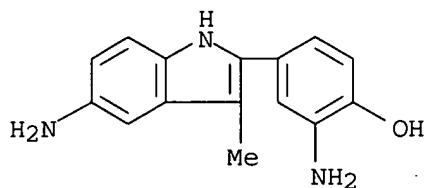
CN Phenol, 4-(5-amino-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

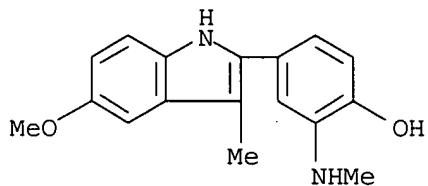
RN 141772-16-9 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2-amino-4-(5-amino-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

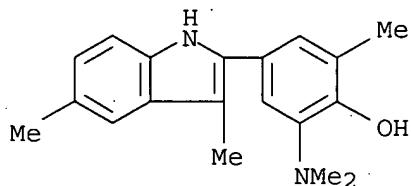


● HCl

RN 141772-17-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-(methylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

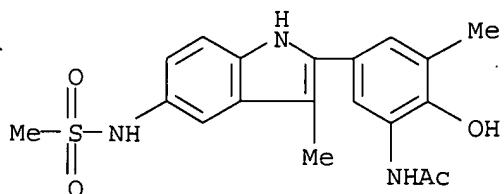


RN 141772-18-1 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 2-(dimethylamino)-4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-6-methyl-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



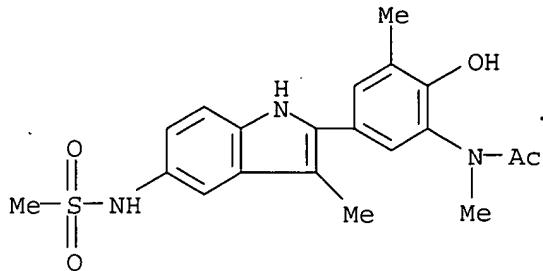
● HCl

RN 141772-19-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Acetamide, N-[2-hydroxy-3-methyl-5-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-1H-indol-2-yl]phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



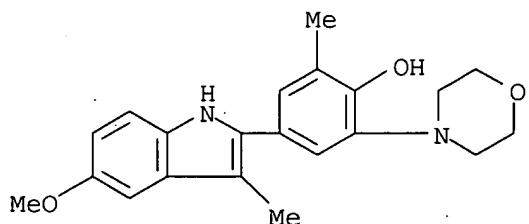
RN 141772-20-5 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[2-hydroxy-3-methyl-5-[3-methyl-5-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-1H-indol-2-yl]phenyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141772-21-6 CAPLUS

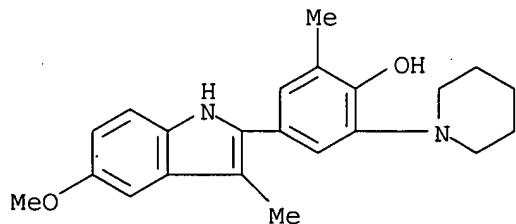
CN Phenol, 4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-methyl-6-(4-morpholinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 141772-22-7 CAPLUS

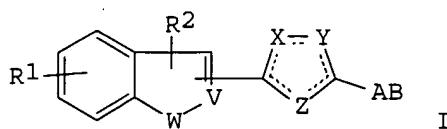
CN Phenol, 4-(5-methoxy-3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)-2-methyl-6-(1-piperidinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

GI

GI



AB Title compds. I [X, Y, Z = O, S, N, C and at least one of X, Y, and Z = O, S, N; the dotted circle = one or two double bonds in any position; R1 = H, OH, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, amino, cyano, etc.; R2 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylcarbonyl; V = CH, C (when bond with the 5-membered ring); W = O, S, NR3 (R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl); A = bond, (substituted) alkylene; B = non-arom. aza(bi)cyclol, NR4R5 (R4, R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl)] are prep'd. I are useful for treating psychotic disorders (e.g. schizophrenia, mania), anxiety, alc. or drug withdrawal, pain, gastric stasis, gastric dysfunction (e.g. peptic ulcer, esophageal reflux, flatulence), migraine, nausea, vomiting, and presenile and senile dementia (Alzheimer's disease) (no data). A mixt. of H2NOH, HCl, K2CO3, and 1-methylindole-3-nitrile in EtOH was refluxed to give 1-methylindol-3-ylamide oxime, which in DMF in the presence of mol. sieves was successively treated with NaH and 3-carbomethoxy-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane to give 3-[3-(methylindol-3-yl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octane.

L10 ANSWER 48 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1989:85613 CAPLUS

DN 110:85613

TI Thermal recording material using chromeno compound for improved resistance to IR radiation

IN Kanda, Nobuo; Abe, Yukihiko; Kondo, Mitsuru

PA Kanzaki Paper Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 273418	A2	19880706	EP 1987-119234	19871224
	EP 273418	A3	19900418		
	EP 273418	B1	19931124		
	R: DE, FR, GB				
	JP 63166588	A2	19880709	JP 1986-314744	19861227
	US 4803193	A	19890207	JP 1986-314744	19861227
				US 1987-137368	19871223
				JP 1986-314744	19861227

OS CASREACT 110:85613

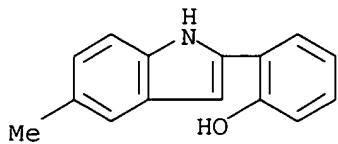
IT 118234-55-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, chromeno compd. from, for thermal recording material)

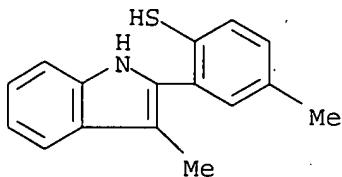
RN 118234-55-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2-(5-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

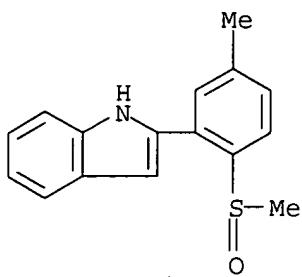


GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB A thermal recording material contains a colorless dye I. [Z = N-contg. 5-membered ring which may have an attached benzene ring and substituents; R1-R4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C3-C12 alkenyl or alkynyl, C5-12 cycloalkyl, Ph, Ph-C1-2 alkyl, naphthyl; R1-R4 may form a part of a heterocycle] and a dye developer. The developer may be selected from polyvalent metal salts of arom. carboxylic acids. The above compn. may also contain an arom. diamine compd. The compn. forms images readable by optical character-reading devices. Thus, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)fluorenone was reacted with 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)indole to obtain 3,6-bis(diethylamino)spiro[fluorene-9,6'-6'-H-chromeno(4,3-b)indole] (II). Three different dispersions of II, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol, and stearic acid amide in aq. Me cellulose were mixed and used to form thermal recording papers. The papers produced images which were stable against heat, IR radiation, and humidity and had high d.

L10 ANSWER 49 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1988:590304 CAPLUS  
 DN 109:190304  
 TI Fused heterocycles from o-acylbenzenethiol derivatives  
 AU McKinnon, David M.; Lee, Kingsley R.  
 CS Chem. Dep., Univ. Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB, R3T 2N2, Can.  
 SO Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1988), 66(6), 1405-9  
 CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 109:190304  
 IT 117136-97-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and attempted cyclization of)  
 RN 117136-97-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenethiol, 4-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 117136-98-8P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and cyclization of, with hydrogen chloride)  
 RN 117136-98-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-[5-methyl-2-(methylsulfinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

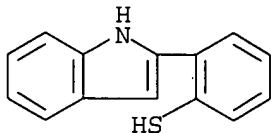


IT 117136-95-5P 117136-96-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and cyclization of, with iodine)

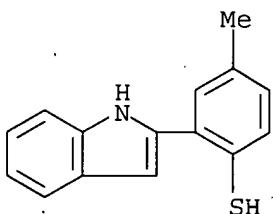
RN 117136-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenethiol, 2-(1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 117136-96-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenethiol, 2-(1H-indol-2-yl)-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



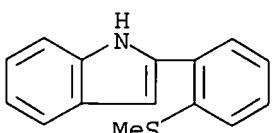
IT 117136-92-2P 117136-94-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and demethylation of, with sodium in ammonia)

RN 117136-92-2 CAPLUS

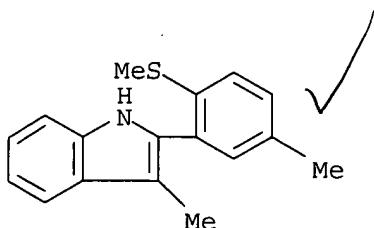
CN 1H-Indole, 2-[2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

102



RN 117136-94-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-2-[5-methyl-2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

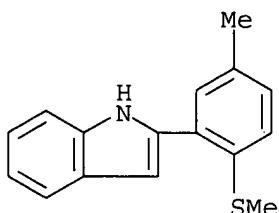


IT 117136-93-3P

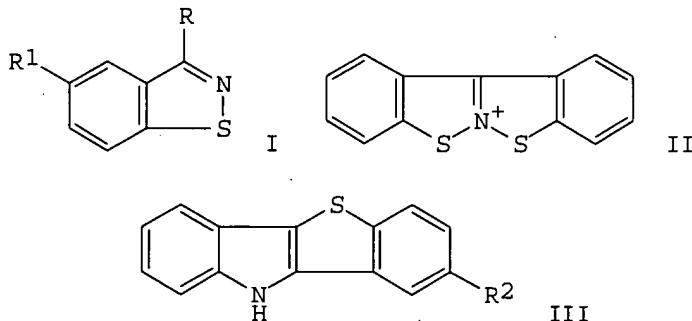
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn., demethylation, and S-oxidn. of)

RN 117136-93-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 2-[5-methyl-2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB The oximes of 2-acylthioanisole derivs. 2,5-MeS(R1)C6H3COR (R = Me, Et, Ph, 2-MeSC6H4; R1 = H, Me) may be conveniently converted into 1,2-benzisothiazoles I. Ac2O in pyridine. I (R = 2-MeSC6H4, R1 = H), prep'd. by this method, was further converted into the 1,2-benzisothiazolo[2,3-b]-1,2-benzisothiazolium system II. The phenylhydrazones of certain 2-acylthioanisoles are also cyclized by polyphosphoric acid to 2-(2-methylthio)phenylindoles, which are further converted into benzo[b]thieno[3,2-b]indoles III (R2 = H, Me) by demethylation and oxidn.

L10 ANSWER 50 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: ssspta1611sxp

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

NEWS 41 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 42 Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB  
NEWS 43 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data  
  
NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT  
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS INTER General Internet Information  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN  
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:23:10 ON 13 JUN 2003

=> file reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
SINCE FILE  
ENTRY  
TOTAL  
SESSION  
0.21  
0.21  
FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:23:19 ON 13 JUN 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9

**TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003**

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

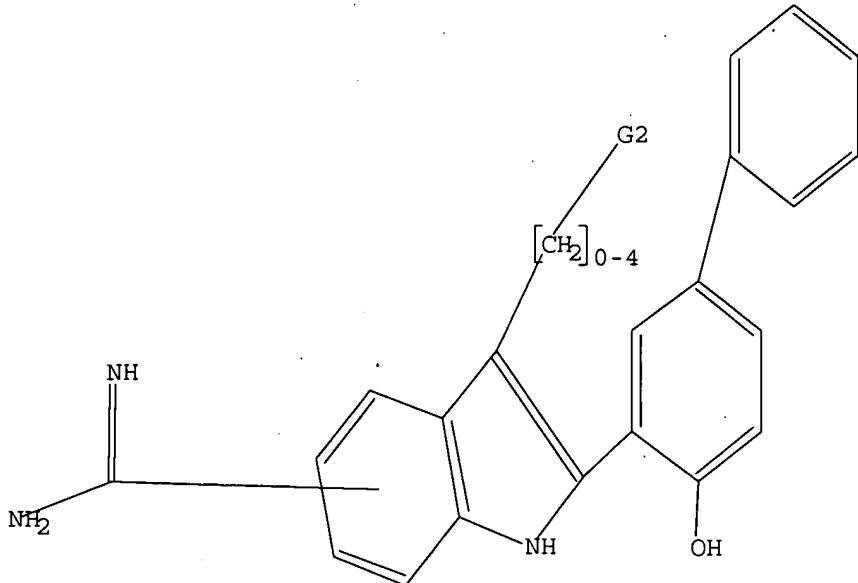
Crossover limits have been increased. See **HELP CROSSOVER** for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>  
Uploading 09868276.4

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11  
 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
 L1 STR



G1

G2 C, H, Cb, Ak, Cy

G3 X, CH<sub>2</sub>, OH, PhO, COOH, NH, NH<sub>2</sub>, P

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11  
 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:24:39 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 5 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 5 TO 234  
 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 sss full  
 FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:24:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 71 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 71 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> log y  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
148.95	149.16

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 12:24:53 ON 13 JUN 2003

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: ssspta1611sxp

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available  
NEWS 4 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter (PHARMAML) - new on STN  
NEWS 5 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)  
now available on STN  
NEWS 6 Aug 26 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 7 Sep 03 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 8 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file  
NEWS 9 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA  
NEWS 10 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985  
NEWS 11 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields  
NEWS 12 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN  
NEWS 13 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT  
NEWS 14 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY  
NEWS 15 Dec 04 CSA files on STN  
NEWS 16 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date  
NEWS 17 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content  
NEWS 18 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN  
NEWS 19 Jan 29 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,  
ENERGY, INSPEC  
NEWS 20 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated  
NEWS 21 Feb 24 METADEX enhancements  
NEWS 22 Feb 24 PCTGEN now available on STN  
NEWS 23 Feb 24 TEMA now available on STN  
NEWS 24 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 25 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images  
NEWS 26 Mar 04 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results  
NEWS 27 Mar 20 EVENTLINE will be removed from STN  
NEWS 28 Mar 24 PATDPAFULL now available on STN  
NEWS 29 Mar 24 Additional information for trade-named substances without  
structures available in REGISTRY  
NEWS 30 Apr 11 Display formats in DGENE enhanced  
NEWS 31 Apr 14 MEDLINE Reload  
NEWS 32 Apr 17 Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 33 Apr 21 Indexing from 1947 to 1956 being added to records in CA/CAPLUS  
NEWS 34 Apr 21 New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in  
WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX  
NEWS 35 Apr 28 RDISCLOSURE now available on STN  
NEWS 36 May 05 Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names  
added to PHAR  
NEWS 37 May 15 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded  
NEWS 38 May 15 Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated  
NEWS 39 May 16 CHEMREACT will be removed from STN  
NEWS 40 May 19 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA

NEWS 41 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 42 Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB  
NEWS 43 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data  
  
NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS INTER General Internet Information  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN  
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:32:37 ON 13 JUN 2003

=> fil reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
SINCE FILE  
ENTRY  
TOTAL  
SESSION  
0.42  
0.42

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:33:30 ON 13 JUN 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 529474-19-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

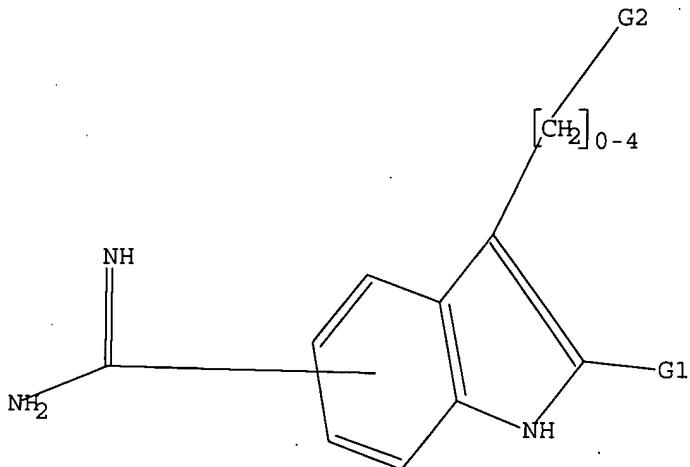
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>  
Uploading 09868276.2

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11  
 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
 L1 STR



G1 Cb,Cy,Hy  
 G2 C,H,Cb,Ak,Cy

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11  
 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:36:14 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3719 TO ITERATE

26.9% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS 6 ANSWERS  
 INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
 PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 70724 TO 78036  
 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 163 TO 729

L2 6 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 sss full  
 FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:36:22 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
 FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 73093 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 73093 ITERATIONS 181 ANSWERS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.12

L3 181 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	149.75	150.17

FILE 'CPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:36:41 ON 13 JUN 2003  
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 13 Jun 2003 VOL 138 ISS 25  
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Jun 2003 (20030612/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

```
=> s 13
L4      737 L3

=> s 14 and heterocycle
L5      4 L4 AND HETEROCYCLE

=> d 15 fbib hitstr abs total

L5  ANSWER 1 OF 4  CPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN  2000:68450  CPLUS
DN  132:107953
TI  Preparation of heterocyclic compounds as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone
IN  Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Lin, Peter; Ponpipom, Mitree M.; Wyvratt, Matthew J.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Young, Jonathan
PA  Merck and Co., Inc., USA
SO  PCT Int. Appl., 138 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT  Patent
LA  English
FAN.CNT 4
     PATENT NO.      KIND   DATE      APPLICATION NO.  DATE
-----  -----  -----  -----
PI  WO 2000004013  A1  20000127  WO 1999-US15581  19990709
     W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD,
     GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV,
     MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR,
     TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
     RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
     ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
     CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         US 1998-115497 A 19980714
US 6200957      B1  20010313  US 1998-115497  19980714
```

CA 2337407	AA	20000127	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 US 1996-760816 A219961205 CA 1999-2337407 19990709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
AU 9949816	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49816 19990709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850 19990709
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
JP 2002520409	T2	20020709	JP 2000-560119 19990709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709

## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1997:511777

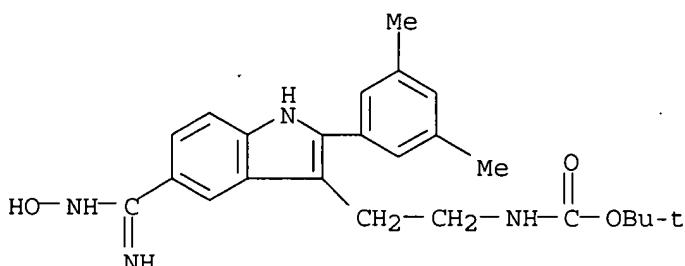
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 9721704	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19444 19961210 W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
CA 2240108	AA	19970619	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 CA 1996-2240108 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
AU 9714106	A1	19970703	AU 1997-14106 19961210
AU 707641	B2	19990715	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
EP 873336	A1	19981028	EP 1996-944249 19961210
EP 873336	B1	20020327	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
CN 1208412	A	19990217	CN 1996-199872 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
JP 11506471	T2	19990608	JP 1996-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 JP 1997-522124 A319961210
JP 3230818	B2	20011119	JP 1997-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216

AT 215081	E	20020415	AT 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210		
ES 2174129	T3	20021101	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216		
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214		
NO 9802729	A	19980813	NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210		
FAN 1998:479019					
PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----		-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816 19961205	
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497 19980714 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 US 1996-760816 A219961205	
FAN 2001:178434				APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	-----	-----
-----		-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497 19980714 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 US 1996-760816 A219961205	
	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816 19961205	
	JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	JP 2000-257791 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 JP 1997-522124 A319961210	
	ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214	
	CA 2337407	AA	200000127	CA 1999-2337407 19990709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709	
WO 2000004013	A1	200000127	WO 1999-US15581 19990709		
W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM					
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
AU 9949816	A1	200000207	US 1998-115497 A 19980714 AU 1999-49816 19990709		
			US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709		
EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850 19990709		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO					
			US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709		
JP 2002520409	T2	20020709	JP 2000-560119 19990709 US 1998-115497 A 19980714 WO 1999-US15581W 19990709		
OS MARPAT 132:107953					
IT 192644-10-3P					

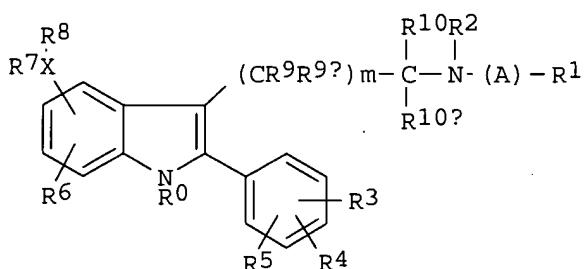
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of heterocyclic compds. as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone)

RN 192644-10-3 CAPLUS

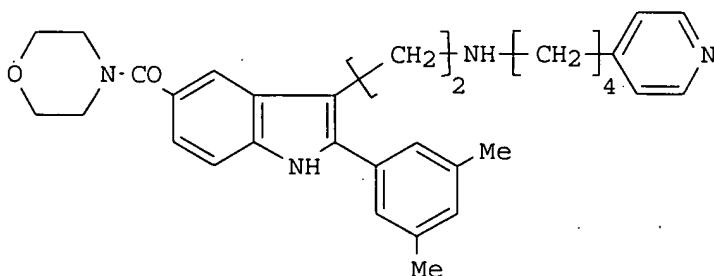
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



I



II

AB The title compds. of formula I [A = (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-7 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-6 alkenyl, (un)substituted C3-6 alkynyl, etc; R0 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R1 = generic heteroarom. rings with proviso given; R2 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, etc; R2, A = combined

form 5-7 atom ring; R3, R4, R5 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C2-6 alkenyl, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, C1-3 perfluoroalkyl, etc; R3, R4 = combined form ring of 3-7 carbon atoms or a heterocyclic ring contg. 1-3 heteroatoms; R6, R7 = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R8 = C(O)OR<sub>20</sub>, C(O)NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>, etc with proviso given; R7, R8 = combined form heterocyclic ring; R9, R9a = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, etc; R9, R9a = combined form carbocyclic ring of 3-7 atoms; R10, R10a = H, (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, etc; R10, R10a = combined form carbocyclic ring of 3-7 atoms, double bond oxygen} useful as gonadotropin releasing hormone antagonists (no data), are prep'd. For example, the title compd. II was prep'd.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1997:511777 CAPLUS  
 DN 127:121742  
 TI Preparation of heterocyclic compounds as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone  
 IN Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Lin, Peter; Wyvratt, Matthew J.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Goulet, Mark; Ashton, Wallace T.; Chu, Lin; Fisher, Michael H.; Girotra, Narindar N.; Lin, Peter; Wyvratt, Matthew J.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 117 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9721704	A1	19970619	WO 1996-US19444	19961210
	W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
CA	2240108	AA	19970619	CA 1996-2240108	19961210
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
AU	9714106	A1	19970703	AU 1997-14106	19961210
	AU 707641	B2	19990715		
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
				WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
EP	873336	A1	19981028	EP 1996-944249	19961210
	EP 873336	B1	20020327		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
				WO 1996-US19444W	19961210
CN	1208412	A	19990217	CN 1996-199872	19961210
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242	A 19960216
JP	11506471	T2	19990608	JP 1996-522124	19961210

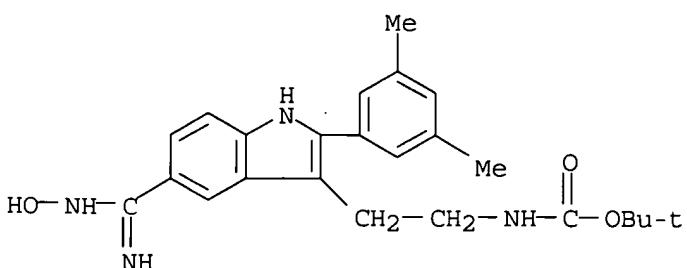
JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210 JP 2000-257791 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 JP 1997-522124 A319961210 JP 1997-522124 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
JP 3230818	B2	20011119	AT 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210 ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
AT 215081	E	20020415	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
ES 2174129	T3	20021101	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210
NO 9802729	A	19980813	ES 1996-944249 19961210 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 ZA 1996-10536 19961213 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 NO 1998-2729 19980612 US 1995-8633P P 19951214 GB 1996-3242 A 19960216 WO 1996-US19444W 19961210

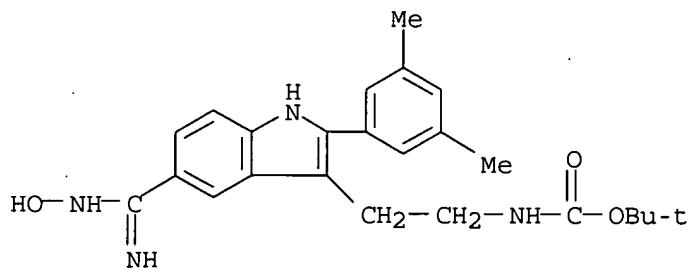
## PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1998:479019

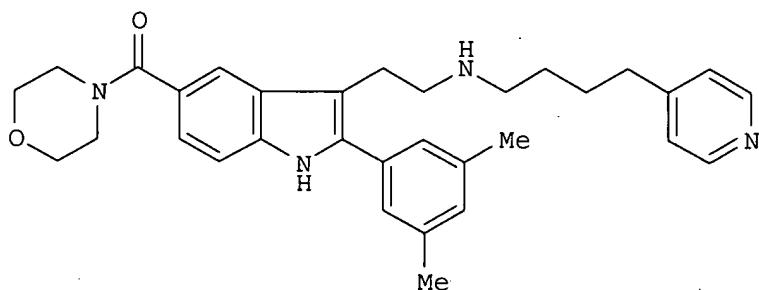
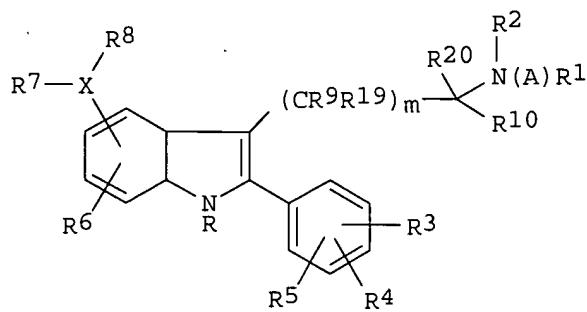
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1996-760816	19961205
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	19980714
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				US 1996-760816	A219961205
FAN	2000:68450				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15581	19990709
	W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				US 1998-115497	19980714
				US 1995-8633P	P 19951214
				US 1996-760816	A219961205
	CA 2337407	AA	20000127	CA 1999-2337407	19990709
				US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
	AU 9949816	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49816	19990709
				US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
	EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850	19990709
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			US 1998-115497	A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W	19990709
	JP 2002520409	T2	20020709	JP 2000-560119	19990709

				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
FAN	2001:178434	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PATENT NO. -----				-----
PI	US 6200957	B1	20010313	US 1998-115497 19980714
	US 5780437	A	19980714	US 1995-8633P P 19951214
	JP 2001106685	A2	20010417	US 1996-760816 A219961205
				US 1996-760816 19961205
				JP 2000-257791 19961210
				US 1995-8633P P 19951214
				GB 1996-3242 A 19960216
				JP 1997-522124 A319961210
	ZA 9610536	A	19970814	ZA 1996-10536 19961213
	CA 2337407	AA	20000127	US 1995-8633P P 19951214
	WO 2000004013	A1	20000127	CA 1999-2337407 19990709
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
				WO 1999-US15581 19990709
				W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
				RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
	AU 9949816	A1	20000207	US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				AU 1999-49816 19990709
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
	EP 1095038	A1	20010502	EP 1999-933850 19990709
				R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
	JP 2002520409	T2	20020709	JP 2000-560119 19990709
				US 1998-115497 A 19980714
				WO 1999-US15581W 19990709
OS	MARPAT 127:121742			
IT	<b>192644-10-3P</b>			
	RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)			
	(prepn. of heterocyclic compds. as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone)			
RN	192644-10-3 CAPLUS			
CN	Carbamic acid, [2-[2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			





GI



II

AB The title compds. I [A = alkyl, etc.; R = H, alkyl, etc.; R1 = heterocyclic ring (generic structures given); R2 = H, alkyl, etc.; or R2A = ring; R3, R4, R5 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; or R3R4 = ring; R6 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; unless X is hydrogen or halo, then R7 is absent; R8 = heterocyclic ring, etc.; or R7R8 = heterocyclic ring; R9, R19 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; further details on R9R19 and R9A are given; R20, R10 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, etc.; further details on R20R10, and R9R20, R9R2, R20R2, R20A are given; m = 0 to 3; X = N, etc.], useful as antagonists of gonadotropin releasing hormone (no data), are prep'd. I may be useful for the treatment of a variety of sex-hormone related and other conditions in both men and women. The title compd. II was prep'd. in a multistep process.

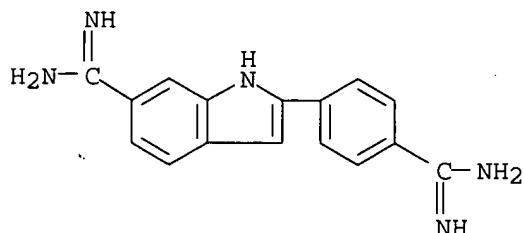
L5 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1994:153643 CAPLUS

DN 120:153643

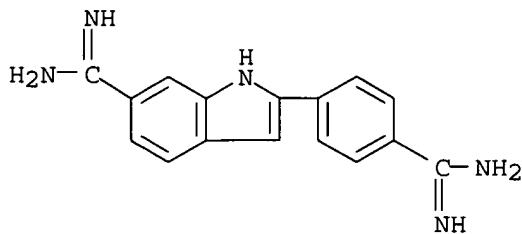
TI Studies on the ability of minor groove binders to induce supercoiling in

DNA  
 AU Stoerl, K.; Burckhardt, G.; Lown, J. W.; Zimmer, Ch.  
 CS Department of Molecular Biology, Institute of Molecular Biology,  
 Friedrich-Schiller-University, Winzerlaer Strasse 10, Jena, 07708, Germany  
 SO FEBS Letters (1993), 334(1), 49-54  
 CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 IT 47165-04-8  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (DNA supercoiling response to)  
 RN 47165-04-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-6-carboximidamide, 2-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



AB The effect of various non-intercalating minor groove binders on closed circular DNA in the presence of topoisomerase I has been studied by means of agarose gel electrophoresis. Analogs of the netropsin series (lexitropsins) and SN-6999 can effectively produce pos. supercoils, as indicated by anal. of the topoisomers in the presence of chloroquine and the evaluated linking no. changes. Analogs of the distamycin series are less effective, and bisquaternary ammonium **heterocycles**, as well as DAPI and pentamidine, were found to be ineffective ligands. The large differences obsd. in the ability of minor groove binders to induce pos. supercoils are discussed.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1990:229384 CAPLUS  
 DN 112:229384  
 TI The interaction of unfused polyaromatic **heterocycles** with DNA:  
 intercalation, groove-binding and bleomycin amplification  
 AU Wilson, W. D.; Tanius, F. A.; Barton, H. J.; Wydra, R. L.; Jones, R. L.;  
 Boykin, D. W.; Strekowski, L.  
 CS Dep. Chem., Georgia State Univ., Atlanta, GA, 30303, USA  
 SO Anti-Cancer Drug Design (1990), 5(1), 31-42  
 CODEN: ACDDEA; ISSN: 0266-9536  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 IT 47165-04-8, 4',6-Diamidino-2-phenylindole  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (interaction of, with DNA, bleomycin neoplasm-inhibiting activity  
 amplification in relation to)  
 RN 47165-04-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole-6-carboximidamide, 2-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



AB A no. of unfused-arom. cations have been found to bind to DNA by intercalation and to amplify the bleomycin catalyzed cleavage of DNA. These mols. are more similar in structure to unfused minor-groove binding compds. such as netropsin and 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole (DAPI) than to fused-ring intercalators such as proflavine. An anal. of DAPI interactions with specific sequence DNA polymers has indicated that the binding modes for the mol. are sequence dependent: minor groove binding in sequences of three or more AT base pairs and intercalation in mixed or pure GC base pair sequences. As with other unfused intercalators which bind with their cationic side chains in the major groove, the amidinium groups of DAPI are in the major groove in the GC intercalation complex. DAPI is, thus, a good bleomycin amplifier in GC sequences but its minor-groove binding mode in AT sequences leads to bleomycin inhibition. Other results on bleomycin amplifiers are reviewed.

=> d cost

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CONNECT CHARGES	0.68	2.68
NETWORK CHARGES	0.12	0.54
SEARCH CHARGES	1.64	149.39
DISPLAY CHARGES	28.78	28.78
	-----	-----
CAPLUS FEE (5%)	31.22	181.39
	1.56	1.56
	-----	-----
FULL ESTIMATED COST	32.78	182.95
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.60	-2.60

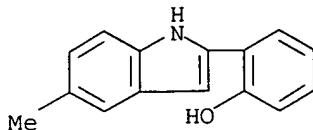
IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 11:37:59 ON 13 JUN 2003

L10 ANSWER 48 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1989:85613 CAPLUS  
 DN 110:85613  
 TI Thermal recording material using chromeno compound for improved resistance  
 to IR radiation  
 IN Kanda, Nobuo; Abe, Yukihiro; Kondo, Mitsuru  
 PA Kanzaki Paper Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 30 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 273418	A2	19880706	EP 1987-119234	19871224
	EP 273418	A3	19900418		
	EP 273418	B1	19931124		
R: DE, FR, GB					
JP	63166588	A2	19880709	JP 1986-314744	19861227
	US 4803193	A	19890207	JP 1986-314744	19861227
OS	US 1987-137368				19871223
	JP 1986-314744				19861227
IT	CASREACT 110:85613 <b>118234-55-2</b>				
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, chromeno compd. from, for thermal recording material)					
RN	118234-55-2 CAPLUS				
CN	Phenol, 2-(5-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

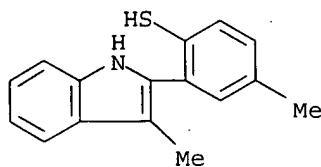
Patel

<6/13/2003>

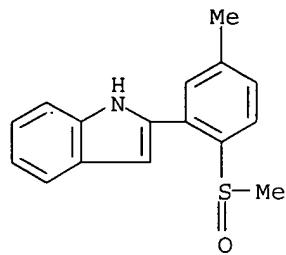


GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB A thermal recording material contains a colorless dye I [Z = N-contg. 5-membered ring which may have an attached benzene ring and substituents; R1-R4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C3-C12 alkenyl or alkynyl, C5-12 cycloalkyl, Ph, Ph-C1-2 alkyl, naphthyl; R1-R4 may form a part of a heterocycle] and a dye developer. The developer may be selected from polyvalent metal salts of arom. carboxylic acids. The above compn. may also contain an arom. diamine compd. The compn. forms images readable by optical character-reading devices. Thus, 3,6-bis(diethylamino)fluorenone was reacted with 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)indole to obtain 3,6-bis(diethylamino)spiro[fluorene-9,6'-6'-H-chromeno(4,3-b)indole] (II). Three different dispersions of II, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol, and stearic acid amide in aq. Me cellulose were mixed and used to form thermal recording papers. The papers produced images which were stable against heat, IR radiation, and humidity and ha high d.

L10 ANSWER 49 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 1988:590304 CAPLUS  
 DN 109:190304  
 TI Fused heterocycles from o-acylbenzenethiol derivatives  
 AU McKinnon, David M.; Lee, Kingsley R.  
 CS Chem. Dep., Univ. Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB, R3T 2N2, Can.  
 SO Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1988), 66(6), 1405-9  
 CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 109:190304  
 IT 117136-97-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and attempted cyclization of)  
 RN 117136-97-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Benzenethiol, 4-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 117136-98-8P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and cyclization of, with hydrogen chloride)  
 RN 117136-98-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 1H-Indole, 2-[5-methyl-2-(methylsulfinyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

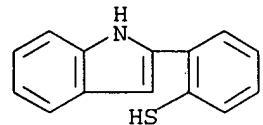


IT 117136-95-5P 117136-96-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and cyclization of, with iodine)

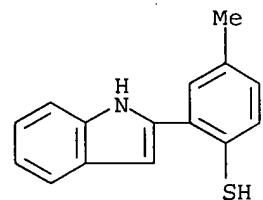
RN 117136-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenethiol, 2-(1H-indol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 117136-96-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenethiol, 2-(1H-indol-2-yl)-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

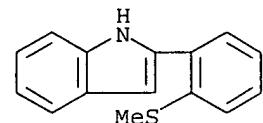


IT 117136-92-2P 117136-94-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and demethylation of, with sodium in ammonia)

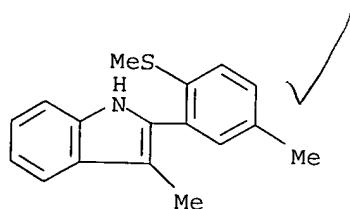
RN 117136-92-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 2-[2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 117136-94-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole, 3-methyl-2-[5-methyl-2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME).

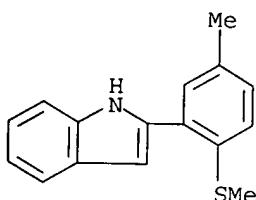


IT 117136-93-3B

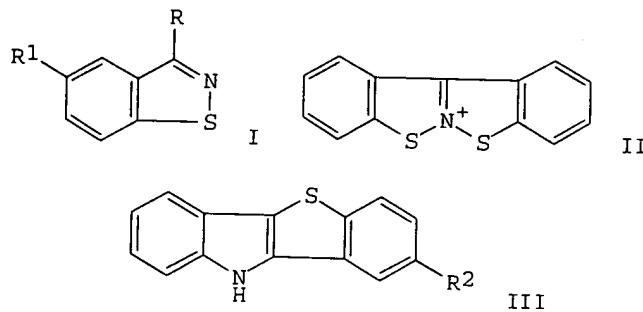
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn., demethyl)

RN 117136-93-3 CAPLUS  
CN 1H-Indole, 2-[5-methyl-2-(methylthio)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB The oximes of 2-acylthioanisole derivs. 2,5-MeS(R1)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>COR (R = Me, Et, Ph, 2-MeSC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>; R1 = H, Me) may be conveniently converted into 1,2-benzisothiazoles I Ac<sub>2</sub>O in pyridine. I (R = 2-MeSC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R1 = H), prepd. by this method, was further converted into the 1,2-benzisothiazolo[2,3-b]-1,2-benzisothiazolium system II. The phenylhydrazones of certain 2-acylthioanisoles are also cyclized by polyphosphoric acid to 2-(2-methylthio)phenylindoles, which are further converted into benzo[b]thieno[3,2-b]indoles III (R2 = H, Me) by demethylation and oxidn.

L10 ANSWER 50 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS